Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 22. VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1895. No. 33

Why We Can Sell Good Jewellery Cheap.

BECAUSE WE HAVE THE BEST FACILITIES FOR MANUFACTURING IN BRITISH COLUMBIA. BECAUSE WE BUY FOR CASH IN THE BEST MARKETS. CALL AND LOOK OVER OUR LARGE STOCK OF NEW GOODS. SOMETHING COMING IN EVERY DAY—EVERYTHING GUARANTEED AT

CHALLONER & MITCHELL, JEWELERS, 47 GOVERNMENT ST.

The WESTSIDE

70 Government Street,

Has just received and placed on sale

47 Cases .·. NEW FALL GOODS .·. 47 Cases

Comprising

MANTLES, CAPES, JACKETS DRESS GOODS, UNDERWEAR.

We have also en route 27 cases, half of which are fully due. Great attention has been taken in the Selection, and Special Attention given to Style and finish.

☞Buyers will be enabled to select attractive garments at popular prices.

THE WESTSIDE.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

The First in the Market:

VALENCIA RAISINS,

Crop 1895.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

Our Second SHIPMENT OF NEW

VALENCIA RAISINS

Just Arrived.

Also new arrival of Tea, Similar to Samples Distributed at the Exhibition.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

NO GILT-EDGED YARNS

Or extravagant statements will sell a man clothing. All I ask is for you to see my Stock and Prices. After that I can count on you as a customer. New Fall and Winter Suitings and Overcoatings arriving.

CREIGHTON, Fashionable Tailor, 86 Government Street.

DURRANT TAKES THE STAND

To Give an Account of His Movements on the Fatal 3rd April.

Prisoner is Cool, but Blanche Lamont's Aunt Shows Signs of Disbelief.

San Francisco, Oct. 9.—Theodore Durrant was placed on the stand this morning to testify in his own behalf. It was the intention of the defence to recall Charles T. Lenihan, but Lenihan was not present, and Durrant was called. General Dickinson conducted the examination. After telling his age and a few other facts of that kind, the attention of the young medical student was attracted to the events of April 3. On the morning of that day he said he met Blanche Lamont, to whom he had first been introduced at Emanuel church last September. After relating the facts about his trip with Miss Lamont to the Sutter street car, he said he went to Cooper medical college, intending to attend the lecture at 11 o'clock. Stillman, however, did not lecture, and Durrant said he and another student named Ross went for a walk. When they returned half an hour later, Durrant went to the library to consult some authorities in certain questions under discussion in his class. About one o'clock Durrant said he went for another walk with a student named Diggins. They were absent about half an hour. Returning, Durrant went into the library and remained until 3:20 o'clock, when he went to the class room where Dr. Cheney was to lecture.

"Was there a roll call at the close of the lecture?" asked Dickinson. "There was," replied Durrant. "Were you in the class room, and did you answer to your name?" "I was present and answered to my name," he replied. Durrant's answers up to this time had been given in clear well modulated tones, without hesitation or undue haste. Then came a question at which the prisoner hesitated a moment before answering. "Did you take notes at the lecture?" Durrant's eyes were cast down for nearly half a minute; no answer came. Then he raised his head. "I took some notes," he replied, "but they are not very full." Five pages of notes were produced and admitted in evidence. Durrant next told of how he went to church after the close of the lecture to repair the gas fixtures. He said he went to Sutter street car, transferred to Larkin, from which he transferred to the Mission electric cars, and went within one block of the church. He was not accompanied by anybody on the trip.

Entering the church, Durrant said he took off his coat and vest so that his watch would not fall out of his pocket while at work, and laid the garments in the library. Then he gathered the necessary tools and went to the attic to repair the sun burners. In order to make his testimony more easily understood, a blackboard was brought into court and Durrant traced a diagram of a section of Emmanuel church and its tall tower. In order to repair the burners, he said, it was necessary for him to lie at full length on a plank with his head much lower than his feet. The gas was partly turned on in order to test the lighting apparatus. Then Durrant took the gas burner, and stepping down to the jury box, explained to the jury the construction of the burners. The prisoner explained everything with facility, while the jurors leaned over the rail, eager to catch every word that came from Durrant's lips. After explaining the burner, Durrant said he descended to the auditorium where he found George King playing the organ. Asked as to what conversation took place, he said: "I said 'Hello George, I heard you playing from upstairs.' He said something about my looking pale. I told him that he would look pale if he had been through what I had. Then I explained that while I had been fixing the sun burners I had been partly overcome by escaping gas. I felt very sick, rather nauseated, and asked him if he would go to the drug store and get me some bromo-seltzer. I gave him the money and in a few moments he returned with the medicine." After drinking the seltzer, Durrant said he helped King to carry the small organ down stairs. Then he asked King how he looked, and King said he did not look as he did a few moments before. Durrant wanted to see for himself, however, and went to the mirror. When work at the church was finished, Durrant said, he walked to 22nd and Mission streets with King. He walked a block or two out of his way to accompany King, as he had plenty of time. After leaving King he went home to dinner, but did not eat heartily, as he still felt ill from the effects of the gas, and in the evening he attended service at the church. There he met Mrs. Noble, Blanche Lamont's aunt, and asked her if Blanche was coming to prayer meeting that evening, and Mrs. Noble said she did not think so. Durrant also spoke of a note that he saw Mrs. Noble hand to Mrs. Moore.

While Durrant was telling of events at the prayer meeting, Mrs. Noble watched him closely, and on two occasions shook her head as if disagreeing with the testimony he had given. Durrant described the manner in which he was dressed on April 3rd, after which the court took recess until 2 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHOOTING FOR TURKEYS AND GEESE at Colwood Hotel, Oct. 31st. oc9-12t

WANTED—200 men to get their hair cutting and shaving done regularly at Ball's Sunday Closing barber shop, 81 Yates street. oc9-1t

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, with every convenience and separate kitchen, or single bed sitting rooms, 63 Superior St. oct7-tf

Wanted, 50 Men

At once, at Beaver Lake.

WALKELY, KING & CASEY.

sep25-tf

THEOSOPHY.

Mrs. Harris, of San Francisco, will Lecture at Theosophical Headquarters

This Evening, at 8 p m.

Subject: "Principles of Man."

Mrs. Harris will receive visitors every day at he Headquarters from 2:30 till 4:30 p.m., and in the evening from 8 to 10. oct7-3w

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER

DANUE

Meyer Master

Will leave Rithet's Inner Wharf

—FOR—

Naas River & Way Ports

VIA VANCOUVER

—on—

Friday, October 11th,

At 8 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 94 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.

October 9. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

IF YOU WANT A GUITAR

It will pay you to examine our Stock, which we have marked down to cost price for the next few Days.

LOOK IN OUR WINDOW!

WAITT & CO.,

84 Covernment Street.

ROBBED THE PUBLIC TREASURY

But are Now Jailed—Fatal Fire—Fallen From Grace.

Buffalo, N.Y., Oct. 9.—This morning three men were arrested on a charge of embezzling large amounts of money from the city by padding the pay rolls of the street bureau with dummy names. They are Howard D. Kerr, cashier of the department of public works; John M. Danahy, deputy superintendent of streets, and Jos. Burke, inspector of streets, now a saloon keeper on Abbott road. Kerr and Danahy are both drawing $1500 a year. The amount of their alleged peculations is not yet known, but it must run up into the thousands. It is hardly two years since Eric Van Brocklin, the trusted secretary of the fire department, was convicted and sentenced to Auburn jail for the very same offence.

Cincinnati, Oct. 9.—At 12:30 this morning the fire department was called to the five storey brick tenement at 621 West Sixth street, in which forty tenant slept. The flames were in the third, fourth and fifth storeys, and women and children were screaming at the windows. Thos. O'Flaherty, a deaf-mute, half suffocated, jumped from the fourth storey window into the net held by the police and escaped without further injury. Mrs. Mary Holmes, aged 80, was taken out dead. The fatally injured are: Rachel Davis, 4 years; Mamie Ponson, aged 19; and Mrs. Emma Davis. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Genesee, N. Y., Oct. 9.—Rev. Father Flaherty was this morning sentenced to seven years in Auburn prison by Judge Norton. This is the outcome of the second trial for an assault committed on Mary Sweeny, a member of his parish, and a girl under sixteen years of age.

Salt Lake, Utah, Oct. 8.—The Tribune received the following dispatch last night from Fort Hill reservation: "Rose Fork, Idaho, Oct. 8.—There are no Indians in the vicinity of Jackson's Hole. The so-called Capt. Smith and the other Jackson's Hole people, who fired on the Bannock Indians, are reported to have passed Pocatello in charge of the marshall en route to Evaston, Wyo., for trial before the United States court, on the 6th inst. The Bannock Indians are hunting on the reservation and are peaceably disposed. P. McCormick, U. S. Indian inspector."

—To be free from indigestion, cheerful and hearty, use Adams' Tutti Frutti. Decline to take imitations.

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS.

Turkey is Getting Ready for Any Naval Demonstration by Great Britain.

Torpedos Placed in the Dardanelles —Forts Supplied With Ammunition.

Constantinople, Oct. 9.—The blocade of the Armenian churches continues, as all efforts of the authorities and the Armenian Patriarch have failed to persuade the Armenians who sought refuge within their walls to return to their homes, as they put no faith in the assurances of protection given them. The Turks, however, only allow Armenian ecclesiastics to enter the churches, and when they leave the buildings they are carefully searched.

In accordance with the demands of the representatives of the Powers, the police authorities have commenced releasing those who were imprisoned as a result of the recent rioting. Two of these unfortunates, who were allowed to leave Zaptieh prison, were found to be in a pitiable condition, both suffering from seven or eight terrible wounds. They made a statement which has been communicated to the representatives of the Powers, that prisoners have not received food or medical treatment for three days. Previously to their release, also, they claim that the prison was horribly overcrowded and in a shocking state of filthiness.

The streets of Constantinople and suburbs are still patrolled by police, reinforced by troops. It is understood that troops have been sent to the Dardenelles to be placed in position in the straits. Ammunition has also been sent to the forts, and from other military movements which are going on, it would seem that the Turks are preparing to defend the passage of the Dardenelles should Great Britain attempt a naval demonstration in these waters. There does not seem to be any material change in the diplomatic situation. The Turkish ministers have held another conference, and additional communications have been exchanged with the representatives of the Powers, but these monotonous proceedings no longer attract attention. Few people believe that any decided change in the condition of the Armenians is likely to occur unless the Porte is forcibly compelled to enter upon the work of bringing about reforms in Armenia.

There no longer seems to be any doubt that the Armenians anticipated a serious disturbance when the attempt was made on Monday week to present a petition to the Sultan through the Grand Vizier. They claim that those of their race who fell in the streets of Constantinople on that occasion were martyrs who gave their lives for Armenia in the hope of forcing the Powers to put extra pressure upon the Porte in the efforts being made to bring about a reform in the administration of Armenia.

THE SHIP GARFIELD BURNED

The Crew Safely Landed at Port of Destination.

New York, Oct. 8.—Members of the Maritime Exchange were to-day thrown into a flutter of excitement when the following notice was posted on the bulletin board:—The British ship Garfield, from Liverpool, June 9, for Valparaiso, has been destroyed by fire at sea. All hands were landed safely at the port of destination.

The Garfield has made many trips to this port. She was built of iron and steel by Harland and Wolff at Belfast, 13 years ago. She registered 2,200 tons, was 300 feet in length, and was owned by the Northwestern Shipping Company, of Liverpool. She was under the command of Capt. McIntyre, who had a crew of 33 men and was carrying coal to South America.

ORDER RESTORED IN COREA.

The Queen's Life in Danger, But Quick Action Prevented Trouble.

Yokohama, Oct. 9.—A dispatch received here to-day from Seoul, the capital of Corea, announces that order has been restored there and the Japanese troops are now guarding the palace. The cause of this action upon the part of the Japanese commander at Seoul was that Tai Ron Kin, the king's father, and leader of the anti-reform party, had entered the palace at the head of an armed force, with the result that the queen's life was believed to be in danger. Although no definite statement on the subject was made in the dispatch from Seoul, it is believed that the queen is still alive.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 9.—The correspondent of the Novoe Vremya at Blagovetchensk, the capital of the Amoor government of Russian Asia, says advices have been received there from Japan announcing that the anti-European party is seriously agitating against the decision of the Japanese government to evacuate the Liao Tung peninsula, declaring that the evacuation will cause political complications of a grave nature.

—Carpets beaten by machinery at Weiler Bros; all dust is removed by this process.

SCORCHING THE REFORMERS

Who Only Sought Reform to Gain Notoriety and Profit.

London, Oct. 8.—A petition has been presented to the county council urging it to refuse to endorse the action of the licensing committee of that body in granting on Wednesday last an unconditional license to the Empire Theatre. The petition is signed by Lady Henry Somerset, J. Monro Gibson, Rev. Hugh Price Hughes, and a number of other reformers. The newspapers generally denounce the petition. The Pall Mall Gazette, which has all along discussed the matter in a spirit of bitter hostility to the reformers, asks where these people were when the licensing committee were in session. Mrs. Ormiston Chant, the paper adds, abandoned the crusade because she saw an opportunity to turn the notoriety she had obtained in this connection last year into a source of revenue, by lecturing in the cause of "social purity" in America. Nor would her co-workers in London have again taken up the matter, the Pall Mall Gazette says, had they not been virtually driven to do so in self defense through the open ridicule to which they were being subjected.

MEXICO'S MITE OF MULES

To Spain in Her Trouble With Cuba—Queer Shipping Event.

Havana, Oct. 8.—The Spanish colony in Mexico has notified the Spanish government that it has placed 500 mules at its disposal for use during the military operations against the insurgents of this island.

A curious maritime disaster is reported from Malasaguas, near the Colorado reefs, upon which the Christobal Colon was recently wrecked, and where other disasters to shipping have recently occurred. It appears that the coasting steamer Triton, having been in danger of going ashore on the reefs during the recent cyclone, was sunk by her commander, and after the gale she was pumped out, and floated. One of the officers of the wrecked Spanish cruiser Christobal has arrived here from Mantas on board the steamer Pravino. He confirmed the story of the disaster to that vessel and added the Conde de Venadito and Infanta Isabel, aided by the gunboat Maria Christana, are hard at work trying to save the guns and some of the ammunition of the Christobal Colon, as well as the safe of that cruiser, which contains quite a sum of money. The cruiser, however, as already announced, will prove a total wreck.

Madrid, Oct. 8.—Advices received here from Havana state that the Spaniards met a band of three hundred insurgents at Palmas Soriano, led by Castillo. The insurgents were routed, three being killed, and many wounded, the Spaniards sustained no loss.

Madrid, Oct. 8.—A special dispatch received here from San Sebastian says it is thought there that General Potevoja will be selected to assist Captain General Martinez de Campos in the active operations against the insurgents of Cuba. General Potevoja has already seen service in Cuba and is well accustomed to campaigning in that country. He is said to be a very energetic officer, and brave even to the degree of rashness.

SACKVILLE'S CONDUCT

Explained By Himself—A Diplomat's Lack of Diplomacy.

New York, Oct. 8.—A special cablegram from London, which the World publishes says that an extraordinary and in many respects unprecedented publication by a British diplomat has been quietly discussed during the past few days among the foreign representatives to the court of St. James and in the higher official and social circles of London. This is a pamphlet marked "For private circulation only," and entitled "My mission to the United States, 81-92," which has just been issued by Lord Sackville, who, as Sir Lionel Sackville, K. C. M. G., was the British minister to Washington for the period named. It will be remembered that President Cleveland, almost on the eve of the election of 1888, sent Sir Lionel his passports, because of a letter written by him to an alleged Englishman in California, commenting on the approaching election. This pamphlet is in Lord Sackville's defence and explanation, after seven years, of that incident. But the probably unprecedented part of it is first the freedom of his strictures upon the American people and American public men; and, second, his own expressed indignation that the British ministry should have accepted Mr. Bayard as ambassador to Great Britain, while as secretary of state Mr. Bayard had wantonly insulted in person its accredited representative.

Lord Sackville enters into a long and very detailed account of his mission from the commencement, and the various circumstances arising out of his residence at the American capital. He blames principally the Fenian influence, which, he says, dominated both the American houses of legislature, for many of the complications which arose.

—For a pain in the chest a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents Victoria and Vancouver.

—For richness of flavor the famous BEAVER chewing tobacco cannot be equalled in Canada. Beware of imitations.

FRENCH VICTORY VIEWED

From a British Standpoint—France's Troubles to Come.

Paris, Oct. 8.—Enquiries made at the war office here this afternoon regarding the reported capture of Antananarivo, show that, while the news is credited there, no particulars have been received, and it is not expected that the report will be officially confirmed before Friday next.

London, Oct. 8.—The Times this morning says, on the capture of the capital of Madagascar: "The capture of Antananarivo really alters nothing. It is an achievement, but not a success. Having marched up the hill, General Duchesne has the option of staying at the top or marching down again, and these alternatives are equally inglorious and unsanitary. The Hova government and court have vanished into the back woods while there is hardly a trace of administration in the European sense. The French will have to construct everything from the foundations with the poorest and worst materials, and it may be questioned whether this is worth doing."

The Standard expresses the hope that the victory of the French may be followed with prudence, vigor and moderation. "The political settlement," the Standard continues, "will not be considered now. Until General Duchesne has secured his position at the capital, and has provided for the victualling of his troops, he will be unable to consider the future of the country he has conquered, but has not yet reduced into possession."

The Daily News commenting upon the demand in certain quarters in France for the annexation of Madagascar, in order to shut out the English trade, says: "This is the spirit in which the French administer all their possessions, and it is not likely that they will make an exception in favor of Madagascar. Yet the situation will not be easy for them or for us. We have not only trading agencies there but missions, and the latter are apt to give rise to difficult questions, in view of the antagonism between the Jesuits and the Protestants. Lord Salisbury, however, should have a plan to avert the worst of these threatened evils. He may certainly expect a bitter cry from British vested interests of every kind on the island. The purely political interest, too, is not of a mean order. Diego Suarez can easily be converted into a depot and the base of operations for the whole Indian ocean. This circumstance will not tend to diminish the longing of our forward school for Delagoa bay."

THE MARKET DEPRESSED.

Speculation Irregular, With Less Business Done Than on Monday.

New York, Oct. 8.—The Evening Post's special London cablegram says: European politics and the speculative position at Paris further depressed all markets to-day, and the stump in mines is mainly due to the forced sales from Paris. The disinclination of bankers here to discount continental acceptances has taken an active form to-day, French drafts being all but boycotted. The reason is that this market realizes that the speculative position in Paris is enormous, and that bankers there have practically been borrowing in this maket on bills, mainly for re-lending on the Paris Bourse. This boycotting by the English banks means that the Paris bankers have to call in money from the Bourse operators, hence the beginning of the break. The true position probably will not be known until the settlement which begins on Saturday. If the real holders of shares become alarmed, a heavy break might follow, but it must be remembered that the market is still strongly backed by the Kaffir millionaires. Americans were weak, closing flat at the lowest.

The Evening Post's financial article says: The market for securities was irregular to-day, with most of the active speculators wholly absorbed in a scientifically conducted raid on one industrial stock. Other influences were pretty much ignored. The fright over the movement of call loans expired to-day, when the rate ruled steady at 2 1-2 per cent. The situation is clear enough, that the banks are reluctant to make loans unless at better terms, but that unfortunately for themselves, they do not control the present money market. To-day's further decline in foreign exchange, largely on sales of bankers' drafts, shows where the banks are certain to meet competition; it shows also how contracts in the local bank reserve may operate to stop gold exports without raising money rates to startling figures. This is very lamentable, but experience is sometimes a slow teacher. Stock market prices seemed to be guided chiefly by the gradual discovery of the fact in this money market problem. Opening generally at declines, security prices grew firmer towards the middle of the day, and closed at irregular variations from yesterday. As a rule, final prices were fractionally below yesterday. Chicago gas being particularly weak, but changes were not in most cases sensational. Little attention was paid generally to European liquidation of South African mine securities. Although not wholly according to recent expectations, the Paris market seems to be bearing the brunt of this re-action, partly perhaps, because of its recent $1,000,000 loss of gold to England.

The trading in stocks to-day fell short of yesterday's total by about 90,000 shares. The course of prices was irregular, though the trend was downward. The industrials and the Grangers were the leaders in activity. London prices came lower and foreign dealers were sellers in this market. The domestic influences bearing upon the speculation included an easier market for sterling exchange, a firmer tendency to rates for call money and commercial paper, reports of impending further advances in anthracite coal prices and sharp rate cutting in Western railroad rates. The easier market for exchange was attributed to an increased rate on bills against commodities and to the appearance of bills against recent purchases of securities for foreign account. Leather was sharply advanced on the news of the declaration of a special dividend of 2 per cent. Weakness in Chicago gas was not attended by any explanatory rumor or reports. The general market opened weak and moderately active. The losses were confined to fractions, the most noteworthy being in Chicago gas, Missouri Pacific and Tennessee coal. The downward movement was soon checked and recoveries followed. The improving tendency was of short duration, however, as a vigorous raid against leather preferred sent that stock down 2 3-8 per cent. and had a depressing sympathy on the general list.

NO CONFIDENCE IN TURKEY.

Armenians Refuse to be Lured From Shelter by Promises.

Constantinople, Oct. 8.—The Sultan has twice sent Artin Pasha to the Patriarchate in order to co-operate with the Patriarch in the latter's efforts to induce the Armenians, who have sought refuge in the churches, to return to their homes. All efforts in this direction, however, have proved futile, the Armenians declaring that they have no confidence in the promises of protection made by the Turkish government. In all ninety-five bodies have been delivered to the officials of the Patriarchate by order of the Sultan, and it is claimed they represent all the Armenians killed during the recent rioting. Faud Pasha has gone to the Dardenelles in order to inspect the forts there, and a number of torpedoes have been forwarded to the straits.

Use SURPRISE SOAP for washing Linens, Cottons, Laces. It makes them Snowy White.
You can buy SURPRISE SOAP at any Grocers.
SURPRISE
SURPRISE SOAP
BEST FOOD FOR WASH DAY
BEST FOR EVERY DAY.

A Point to Consider

Next time you are about to buy a PAIL or TUB, consider—wouldn't you like to have one "Unleakable," without hoops, light and tight, and which will last you with care 10 years? If so ask your Grocer for

E. B. Eddy's

Indurated Fibrewear, Tubs and Pails.

Mr. Jacob Wilcox of St. Thomas, Ontario, is one of the best known men in that vicinity. He is now, he says, an old man, but Hood's Sarsaparilla has made him feel young again.

"About a year ago I had a very severe attack of the grip, which resulted in my not having a well day for several months afterwards. I was completely run down and my system was in a

Terrible Condition.

I lost flesh and became depressed in spirits. Finally a friend who had been benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla advised me to try it and I did so. I continued taking it until I used twelve bottles and today I can honestly say Hood's Sarsaparilla has restored me to my former health." JACOB WILCOX, St. Thomas, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today. It cures when all other preparations fail.

Hood's Pills the after-dinner pill and family cathartic. 25c.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given that William Joseph Jeffree, of the City of Victoria, in the province of British Columbia, cobbler, has, by deed dated the 26th day of September, 1895, assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects which may be seized and sold under execution, and all his real estate, to George Chester Shaw, of the city of Victoria aforesaid, commission merchant, in trust for the benefit of all the creditors of the said William Joseph Jeffree.

The said deed was executed by the said William Joseph Jeffree and George Chester Shaw on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1895.

All creditors are requested to send full particulars of their claims to the trustee, on or before the first day of November, 1895.

Dated the 28th day of September, 1895.

H. G. HALL,
Solicitor for the Trustee.

Sept26-1m.

1895 1896

PENDRAY'S PRIZE COMPETITION.

Twenty Prizes will be given for the 20 largest number of Electric Soap Wrappers sent in by October 1st, 1896:

1st Prize	...	$20.00
2nd "	...	15.00
3rd "	...	10.00
2 Prizes of	..	7.50 each
4 "	..	5.00 "
6 "	..	2.50 "
5 "	..	1.00 "

For particulars and conditions see small bills sent out with all Electric Soap.

Take notice—No wrapper of any kind will be eligible unless the name of W. J. Pendray is upon them. Refuse any other Electric Soap, and see that every wrapper has the name printed upon it of "W. J. PENDRAY."

JOSEPH SEARS,

House and Sign Painter

PAPER-HANGING, DECORATING, GLAZING ETC. CORNER OF BLANCHARD & JOHNSON STS.

se 23-1m

PIG'S FEET, Pickled.
DRIED BEEF.
LIPTON'S TEAS.
R. N. JAMESON, Grocer, 33 Fort Street.

GO TO WEILER BRO'S.

FOR CARPETS, FURNITURE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, WALL PAPERS, DOWN COMFORTERS, BLANKETS, PICTURES, and anything you need in the House Furnishing Line.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (late with Dr. John Woods, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.). Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Foll & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Hunn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver st.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices, corner Broad street and Trounce avenue.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Visiting brethren cordially invited. LOFTUS BROWN, secretary.

JEWELERS, ETC.

NICKLE ALARM CLOCKS, 70 CENTS.
S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c., New Main Spring, 75c.; Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

MISCELLANEOUS

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 198.

WANTS.

WANTED—A small furnished house. Address, stating price and locality, W., Times office. oct8-2t

WANTED—A young girl to assist with house work. Apply to Mrs. B. Smith, corner Mary and Bay Sts., Victoria West. oct8-3t

WANTED—A first-class trouser's maker; steady employment. Apply at once to Campbell & Co., opposite Driard. oct8-3t

WANTED—A good cow; one to calf soon. Graded Jersey preferred. Apply B, Times Office. oct7-4t.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper or stewardess, or any place of trust, by middle-aged widow; good home wanted more than salary; best references. Apply K, 15 Caledonia avenue. oc.5-1w

WANTED—Customers to purchase re-creative brain food at H. Mason's Book Exchange, 46 Government street. Oct. 4—6t.

WANTED—To exchange a No. 10 Parker hammerless Shot Gun for 12 hammerless. Address W., Times office. oc2-tf

WANTED—At No. 81 Johnson street, ladies' and gentlemen's cast-off clothing, boots and shoes. sep23-1m.

AGENTS, we have positively the best sellers ever offered; all are household articles of genuine merit; in order that our territory and catalogues may not fall into the hands of children or unreliable parties, we require six cents in stamps to be sent, upon receipt of which we will mail 32-page catalogue with blank application for territory; postal cards not answered. U. S. Specialty Co., Toronto. jy31-3m-wks

FOR SALE

THE TRUMP WATCH—If you want a first class watch for a small amount go to J. Wenger, 90 Government street, near Post Office. Old Price $5.00, New Price $2.75. Oct. 3.—1m.

FOR SALE—90 acres and improvements on the bank of the Koksilah river cheap at $500; 70 acres adjoining above and house, two barns, chicken house, about seven acres cleared, $550; 200 acres near Alberni townsite, $2000 on easy terms. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

TO LET.

TO LET—A 6 roomed Cottage with 3 acres of land under fruit trees, outhouses, etc., Foul Bay Road. Apply T. Elford, Shawnigan Lumber Yard, Discovery St. oct9-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

SOCIAL AND DANCE—At 4-Mile House, on Thursday evening, 10th inst. Bus leaves corner Yates and Douglas Streets at 8 o'clock sharp. Good music and refreshments. oct8-3t

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN,

BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

EGG HATCHING IN EGYPT.

A Method of Incubation Which is as Old as the Christian Era.

Among the fellahs of modern Egypt a process of incubation is in use which has been handed down from antiquity, perhaps from the time of Diodorus, who, forty years before the Christian era, said that the Egyptians brought eggs to maturity with their own hands and that the chickens hatched thus were not inferior to those hatched in the usual way. The process is described in Nature.

Ovens are built, consisting of a chamber about 11 feet square and 4 feet high, with a flat roof. Above this another chamber nine feet high is built, with a vaulted roof, having a small opening in the middle to admit light. Below a larger opening communicates with the room underneath. In cold weather both rooms are kept closed and a lamp is left burning in each, entrance then being had through the lower chamber.

When the oven is ready the proprietor goes to the neighboring villages and collects eggs. They are placed on mats, strewn with bran, in the lower chamber. Fires are then lighted in troughs along the sides of the upper room, the eggs being in two lines immediately below. The fires are lighted twice a day the first dying out at noon, and the other burning from 3 to 8 in the evening. The first batch of eggs is left for half a day in the warmest place and then it makes way for the next, until all have been warmed. This process is kept up for six days, when the eggs are examined carefully in a strong light. Those that are clear are cast aside. Those that are cloudy are put back in the oven for another four days. They are then removed for five days to another chamber, where there are no fires but the air is excluded. After this they are placed an inch or two apart and continually turned, this stage lasting six or seven days.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

—New line of pocket cutlery just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street. Shaving outfits a specialty, guaranteed.

OUR WALKING HAT

is a winner. It's made the record of the season in the race for popularity. It's heads we win, and on a show of heads we win by a large majority. It's our hats everywhere for style, quality and value. The hat caps the climax of elegance and correctness in attire. It makes or mars everything. One of our superb examples of up-to-date headwear will make any attire just what it should be. Such hats as we show afford no ground for criticism, neither do our prices. To look prosperous and well dressed get a new hat.

T. L. BROWNE & CO.

Gents' and Boys' Outfitters,

82 Douglas Street, Victoria, B. C.

THE LORD'S PRAYER.

Its Bearing Upon the Social Problem Discussed in Mr. Trotter's Sermon.

The Interpretation of the Various Petitions as Applied to Daily Life.

In Calvary Baptist church on Sunday the Rev. Ralph Trotter took for his subject: "The Lord's Prayer and the Social Problem." Text: Matt. 6, 9-13:—

Our Father who art in heaven,
Hallowed be Thy name.
Thy kingdom come.
Thy will be done, as in heaven, so on earth.
Give us this day our daily bread.
And forgive us our debts, as we also have forgiven our debtors.
And bring us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil.

All true political economy is prayer. Prayer is the assimilation of God's breath and God's life so that we may do His will in human affairs. Prayer is the democratic expression of true life. Prayer is enjoined on the individual, and the value of secret prayer can scarcely be over-estimated in any life—but in this model prayer of Christ's there is not to be found one fragment of individualism. It is essentially a social prayer. There is not one pronoun of the singular number used in it throughout. It is not my Father, but our Father. We are not told to pray for my daily bread, but our daily bread. I am not to forgive my debtors, but we are to forgive our debtors. Not for personal deliverance, but social deliverance. To offer this prayer intelligently is to take the hands of my fellow men and say in common: "Our Father." To stand in a great democracy of human need and say: "Give us this day our daily bread." It is to become a part of the common sacrifice for the social deliverance of men. But let us examine the prayer more closely.

"Our Father which art in heaven." This is the first prayer we lisped in childhood. How well we know it, and yet we know the least about the things we are the most familiar with. "Our Father" means the brotherhood of man or it has no meaning. It means that humanity is a family with God as a common father. We all love this idea and we are willing to admit it and act upon it; for one day in each week, and within these four walls; we all revel in this idea as the very consummation of joy beyond the grave. But how many of us are willing to carry it into actual life and make it true to the remaining six days and within all walls as well as these? Believe me, that religion which excludes God from six-sevenths of our time and from any locality is an outrage on humanity and a denial of God. There is a sweet old Baptist custom which calls each other "brother" and "sister." Sweet, if we mean it, and mean it everywhere; but the most blasphemous hypocrisy if it does not stand good at all times and in all places.

This world is ruled by ideas. Every few centuries God drops a great idea into the soul of a man. Two thousand years ago the master idea of the world was redemption. It was everywhere, among the Hindus, the Norse poets, the Briton Druids, the Greek philosophers, the American Indians. It stirred the world for centuries. History is the story of this idea. A great idea is now leading the world whether it will or not. It is both destructive and constructive in its effects. Everywhere are signs of radical and permanent change. The idea of brotherhood, co-operation, unity, in both destroying and recreating the world. "Our Father" means that the Standard Oil King and the widow putting in her last tired Saturday night, stitch on the shirt she is making for five cents, by the light of his inferior oil, are brother and sister. That Van Horne and the porter on the tourist car are brothers whether his skin be white or black. That the hundreds of drunkards committed in our police courts during the year are brothers of the saint. That yonder woman in her chamber of shame is my sister and her shame is my shame. Our Father means that clothes, money, education, position, which differentiate one man from another are but the paint which hides the eternal relationship of our cradles, and the eternal kinship of the soul. Our Father means brotherhood in the production and distribution of wealth. God's fatherhood is either a fact or a fiction. If it is only for Sunday and church, then I want none of it; if it be the unity of all life and relations then are all things divine links in the family of God. To shut out brotherhood from the factory, from the office, from the counting-house, from the farm, is to shut out the love of God from men and duty and deny God's right to reign.

"Hallowed be Thy name." How may we hallow the name of God? Not alone by adoring it in prayer and worship, led by blood diapason of music in costly cathedral; but by understanding and fulfilling the meaning which Jesus put upon this expression. Listen! "Then shall the King say unto them on His right hand, come ye blessed of My Father . . for I was hungry and ye fed Me, I was thirsty and ye gave Me drink, I was naked and ye clothed Me, I was sick and in prison and ye visited Me." In astonishment they say, When, Lord? we don't remember ever having seen you and having done those things. "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these ye have done it unto Me." And the same address is made to those on His left hand with the words, "depart, ye cursed, for inasmuch as ye did it not to one of the least of these ye did it not to Me."

We cannot hallow His name unless we hallow men in every relation of life, for every act against a man, however vile or however good, is an act against God. We do not measure a man's character by his Sunday or his prayer meeting utterances, but by his Monday transactions. If this be true then it is in his business and social and political relations with his fellows that he hallows the name of God. We cannot say "Hallowed be Thy name" and then shut men out from the gifts of God. We cannot make His labor a commodity of commerce and hallow God's name. It is blasphemy for a nation to say "Hallowed be Thy name" and "in God we Trust" and then legalize a traffic which according to our city reports is directly responsible for 75 per cent of the committals in our police court.

We cannot hallow God's name when we dishonor any honest man of work. All work is divine. Any society that regards one form of work as less honorable than another disgraces God's name and disowns His fatherhood. This is the greatest of all of our social falsehoods. It is no more honorable to be a governor or a preacher than it is to be a hod-carrier. These distinctions must be forever swept away before there can be peace. Think of me asking a fellow being to do something for me that I would not be willing to do for him in return. Think of me receiving service from a man and then despising him for rendering it. I tell you in the name of an outraged humanity that one-third of our race are cursed by this conception from their cradles. Believe me, we hallow God's name only when we do right to men.

"Thy kingdom come." We have been taught to pray each day "Thy kingdom come," and how many of us have ever thought what it is for which we ask? It is the condition of things which Christ came to establish among men. Listen to its constitution and by-laws. "Blessed are the poor in spirit for theirs is the kingdom of heaven." "Blessed are they that mourn, for they shall be comforted." "Blessed are the meek for they shall inherit the earth." "Blessed are they which do hunger and thirst after righteousness for they shall be filled." "Blessed are the merciful for they shall obtain mercy." "Blessed are the pure in heart for they shall see God." These are its laws and these are the methods by which the kingdom of heaven is to be brought about. Christ said to His disciples that they must be better than the most religious people on earth—the Scribes and Pharisees. They must not resist evil. They must return good for evil. They must pray for their enemies. They must do good to those people who despitefully used them. "Not everyone who saith Lord, Lord, but he who doeth My will shall enter the kingdom," saith the Saviour. But you say "Isn't this then all Christ's teaching was fanciful and a fanciful condition of things?" If so, not meant to be believed. Christ rarely refers to heaven, and only twice does he mention the church, but His words are full of the kingdom. Before His birth it was the subject of prophecy. "Of His kingdom there shall be no end." When He was about to enter on His public ministry John proclaimed "the kingdom of heaven is at hand," and then when Christ began to preach He said, "for this cause am I sent to preach the kingdom of God." This was His commission to the disciples, "Go, and as ye go, preach, saying the kingdom of heaven is at hand." The Gospel He preached was "the Gospel of the kingdom," the mysteries He explained were the "mysteries of the kingdom." The by laws and constitution I have read in your hearing are a blessing on those to whom the kingdom belonged. He stated the conditions of entrance to it and told who should be great and who should be least in the kingdom. He taught men to pray for its coming and to make it the first object of endeavor. "Seek ye first the kingdom." He spent His time between His resurrection and ascension instructing His followers in things pertaining to it. The Sermon on the Mount is the statute book of the kingdom and the sermon in the thirteenth chapter of Matthew is a presentation of this kingdom in six different aspects. The apostles in the Acts preach nothing else. In the four Gospels alone it is spoken of one hundred and twelve times.

I tell you this is the truth which is destroying and making our world. Even the heathen are trying to prove that they have the principles of Christianity. The very leaders tell us that they believe in goodness and purity. Where did they get these principles? From Jesus. Compare the world of Nero with our world. How is it that you cannot discern the signs of the times? All lands have been explored. All tongues have been made known. All religions have been revealed and compared. Heathenism has been practically abolished. Time and space have been annihilated. What means this popular discontent of the people if it is not the enlightened minds and their uplifted hopes? This world belongs to God. We have too long called it the devil's world. The world has been redeemed by the Son of God. It is God's world. To say anything to the contrary is to deny Christ. We need to get God's idea as to the work of the church. The church should not be a society for worship and benevolence merely. The church must save the world.

Atalanta was a great athlete, and she announced that she would give her hand and her kingdom to that man who defeated her at running or wrestling. No fewer than fifty undertook to win the prize under the conditions laid down, of which one was that the defeated suitor should lose his life. Atalanta defeated one after another. She put some to death, she mutilated others, and some she thrust into dungeons. But this did not daunt Hippomenes, although he did not look as though he could have any chance of success. The race was at last started. The contestants flew around the course. Atalanta easily out distanced her competitor and Hippomenes seemed doomed to certain death. Suddenly he took from under his coat a golden apple and threw it along the course in such a way as that it should touch the feet of the maiden and glance off the course. The maiden saw the ball, and, thinking she would have time to obtain it, she left the course, and picked it up. Her suitor gained somewhat, but still the splendid fleetness of Atalanta bore her in advance again. The suitor took a second golden apple and threw it in the same manner, and in the same manner Atalanta who was still greatly in front, left the course and picked it up. She was now weighted with the two apples, while her suitor was correspondingly lightened. Nevertheless she gained upon him; she passed him. Again, for the third time, Hippomenes threw a golden apple, and again, the lust of greed having taken complete possession of her, did Atalanta leave the course and pick up the third golden ball. But now she had the weight of the three balls to sustain, and she had fallen behind, while her suitor, lightened by the absence of the three golden apples, and taking the utmost advantage of her leaving the course, sped away in advance. He won the race. He won a bride. He won a kingdom. The church with the old conception is Atalanta with her eye on the goal running after the golden apples of the present, and losing the race trying to carry them with her. Hippomenes is the church with the new conception. Throwing the golden apples for those who will chase, with her eye ever on the kingdom of her goal, she will win the race, she will win the bridegroom, she will win a kingdom.

"Thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven." This petition is a repetition of the last one, put in a different form. What is heaven? What is hell? Anywhere where selfishness is arrayed against God's will.

The meaning of this petition is unmistakable; it has to do with time and not eternity, with men and not with spirits, with things and not conceptions. We cannot know God's will by following the mere dictates of conscience. Conscience is a safe guide only when God guides it. God must be allowed to educate the economic consciences of all men if all men are to do His will.

This makes God's reform the greatest of all reforms, because it embraces all righteous reforms. My capitalist brother who is seeking reform, I love your cause. My Single Tax brother, your principles are of God. But while I am with you heart and hand in your work, are you not in danger of mistaking a part for the whole? I dare the world to show me one new righteous principle in any modern reform which Jesus did not enunciate. There is no brotherhood but in Him. There is no fatherhood but in God. There is no progress but in submission to the whole will of God. Christ is the man of all men. Our standards of conscience must be His or we cannot, we simply cannot, do His will.

"Give us this day our daily bread." The man who offers this petition takes upon himself a vast social obligation. It means that as land, labor, capital, and government are instruments used by man in supplying his wants, they are the organs of God's good providence to all men. It means that everything which has to do with man's physical needs is to be set right by us so that God can answer this prayer.

It does not mean spiritual bread, but three meals a day, not bread for the communion table, but bread for the hungry. It is not my bread but our bread, not for one or the few but for all.

I ask how can a man offer this prayer for bread for himself and others while he supports and profits from a land law which says all shall not have bread. How can capital pray this petition and then take for itself the bread it has asked for others? How can we reconcile this prayer for bread for all, with our sweating system and tax system and rent system and tenement house system and liquor laws? Answer! For with this mockery the nation must reckon.

Never pray it again until you are willing for it to be answered, even if that answer demands sacrifice, yes, crucifixion, from you, and it does.

"Forgive us our debts as we also have forgiven our debtors."

Time will not let me expound this forgotten law of economics. Enough to say in the new society sins will be forgiven as the most economic of all economics. Forgiveness does not mean letting bye-gones be bye-gones, but by facing the enormity of another's sin and voluntarily taking that sin upon one's self, that the guilty one may be delivered from its power. But of this at another time, it is too big for surface treatment.

"And bring us not into temptation but deliver us from evil."

To offer this last petition of the Lord's Prayer is to believe in the new era which Christ preached. It is to give your life in the service of humanity. What is the use of a man or a church praying for that deliverance if they are not willing to make deliverance from evil their mission. There is one story of Christ of which I am very fond. A man wanted a jewel; he brought his cash; it was not enough. He sold his real estate, still he could not buy it. He sold his jewellery, his furniture, his all. Then he had not enough to a farthing to purchase the jewel. I believe in that story. It takes all there is of a man to be a Christian.

Oh, for a hundred consecrated men in this cause for a righteous world. Napoleon once asked for one hundred men from one of his regiments to go on a mission of certain death. "Not a man will return," said the Emperor, and the whole thousand men comprising the regiment stepped forward as one man. Who will surrender? Who? Who? A kingdom! a kingdom! "For thine is the kingdom and the power and the glory forever."

Why Not You?

When thousands of people are taking Hood's Sarsaparilla to overcome the weakness and languor which are so common at this season, why are you not doing the same? When you know that Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to cure rheumatism, dyspepsia and all diseases caused by impure blood, why do you continue to suffer? Hood's cures others, why not you?

HOOD'S PILLS are prompt and efficient. 25c.

Portland Exposition.

Only $5.50 from Victoria to Portland and return, leaving here on City of Kingston at 8:30 p.m., Oct. 10th, reaching Portland by special train Friday, Oct. 11th, at 5 p.m. Returning, leave Portland Sunday, Oct. 13, at 5 p.m., arriving home Oct. 14th at 7 a.m. Oct. 12 is Elks' day at Portland Exposition. Full particulars at N. P. R. R. office.

—A very pretty line of English Toilet sets at Weiler Bros.

In the annual report of the London postoffice just published appears the following item: "The letters posted without address numbered 30,691, of which 1742 contained remittances of the value of £5048 10s. 9d. No fewer than 32,612 postage stamps were also found loose in the post."

"We always fry ours in Cottolene."

Our Meat, Fish, Oysters, Saratoga Chips, Eggs, Doughnuts, Vegetables, etc.

Like most other people, our folks formerly used lard for all such purposes. When it disagreed with any of the family (which it often did) we said it was "too rich." We finally tried

Cottolene

and not one of us has had an attack of "richness" since. We further found that, unlike lard, Cottolene had no unpleasant odor when cooking, and lastly Mother's favorite and conservative cooking authority came out and gave it a big recommendation which clinched the matter. So that's why we always fry ours in Cottolene.

Sold in 3 and 5 lb. pails, by all grocers. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Wellington and Ann Streets, MONTREAL.

A PLUGGED DOLLAR

Is as big around as a good dollar, but it won't pass. Same way with a Plugged Suit. Poor trimmings, poor workmanship, and antiquated styles give the suit and its wearer away every time and won't pass with well dressed gentlemen.

We don't make any of that kind here.

WE DO make proper Clothing at Popular Prices.

Our aim has always been—not to turn out cheap, sloppy garments blown together by unskilled labor—but to honestly build up the Best Garments in British Columbia for the least money. Nuff sed.

JOHN McCALLUM,

THE FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

Next to Times Building, 28 1-2 Broad St.

MUNICIPAL.

$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

$25.00 REWARD.

The above reward is hereby offered for such information as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons tampering or interfering in any way with any manhole, ventilator, flush tank, or other part of the sewerage system of the City of Victoria, or causing any impediment or obstruction to the proper and effective operation of any portion of the said system, except when acting under instructions from the City Engineer or Sanitary Officer.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., August 1st, 1895.

NOTICE.

Blanchard Street, between Pandora and Chatham Streets, will be closed till further order.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

City Hall, Victoria, Aug. 26, 1895.

The Eastern Pork & Provision Store

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Cor. of Broad St.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from your Chemist.

Take no Substitute

Don't forget, these Remedies have been

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OCTOBER.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
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27	28	29	30	31	—	—

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.

The Daily Times.

THE LAKE PROBLEM.

The low water in the great lakes and the river St. Lawrence is a cause of increasing concern to the people living alongside that great waterway. Nobody knows just what to blame for the awkward lowering of the lake levels, and of course there is equal ignorance as to the proper remedy, but there is no difficulty in appreciating the damage likely to be caused. The Toronto Mail and Empire discussing the matter lately said in reference to the effects observable on Lake Ontario: "Navigation has in many places either been stopped or rendered difficult and uncertain. Landing piers which were once available have been for some time almost useless through the retiring of the waters. The City Engineer of Toronto affirms that the lowness of the lake level is a serious obstacle in getting the temporary supply of lake water of which we stand so much in need. It would seem that a subject like this, coming as it does within the region of natural science, is one respecting which due inquiry should be made, and the available data of which should be duly correlated and examined. It is desirable that the cause of the periodical fluctuation should be ascertained, and, if possible, provided against. The case presents a field of inquiry in which very little, at present, appears to have been done. Judging from the past, the causes are probably now at work the cumulative effect of which will restore Lake Ontario to its former level, for that level is, it may be supposed, not altered by the ebb or the flow of six months or one year or perhaps two years. But it is desirable for us to understand, if possible, what these influences are. The British Association would do a useful thing for Canada if it could throw some light on this abstruse question."

In a letter from a resident of Brockville, which appears in the same issue of the Mail and Empire, the blame for the lowering of the St. Lawrence and Lake Ontario is laid on the deepening of the channel at the Galops rapids, some 40 miles below Brockville. "Deepening the channel" says the observer, "had exactly the same effect as taking down a milldam, and removed the natural obstruction which had held back the obstruction of the Upper St. Lawrence and Lake Ontario, and which, unless for a very brief space have never been seen at their former levels. The permanent fall is at least two feet, the navigation of the river has been rendered much more difficult, and new rocks and shoals have been laid bare in every direction. Talk about deepening Canadian canals to 20 feet! Vessels drawing 14 feet of water will now have the greatest difficulty in navigating the St. Lawrence river." The Brockville writer further says:—

"On observing the deepening works at the Galops rapids on two occasions, I became fully satisfied that their result would be to let down the level of the river and lake and wrote to Sir Hector Langevin, then minister of public works, pointing out the danger, and that international complications might arise. His reply was to the effect that the work belonged to the department of railways and canals, and that my letter had been referred thereto. I may also state that the new channel has proved no better than the old one, and, independent of the fact of the great injury sustained by all the interests concerned by permanently letting down the level of the vast body of water, the very large expenditure incurred was a mere waste of money. Had the engineers merely removed the boulders from the old channel, and cleaned out its bottom somewhat, every difficulty as regards the navigation of the Galops rapids would have been fairly met. The old picturesque features of these rapids have now almost entirely disappeared, and a swift, turbulent current has replaced the rough sea, with waves crested with foam, which formerly met the delighted eye of the summer tourist here."

In conclusion he urges that the proper remedy would be "to restore the old condition of the river bed, as nearly as possible by blocking up, with large stones, the entrance to the new channel. If this were done, and the old channel freed from obstructions, the river and lake would be restored to their former levels, and an enormous benefit conferred upon the city of Toronto, and upon all the cities and towns on Lake Ontario and the Upper St. Lawrence." It will be remembered that this Galops rapids "improvement" has been one of the noted "sinkholes" for public money under the Conservative regime, and the country must be doubly edified on knowing that not only was the work more costly than it should have been but that it is actually an injury instead of a benefit. The money has been a good deal worse than wasted in this case, according to the view of this Brockville observer, who is evidently a Conservative.

"The Weekly Colonist has been for several months sent to many of its subscribers in semi-weekly sections, where the arrangement of the mails suited. We would not be at all surprised to find that it was a knowledge of this fact that caused the management of the Times to issue a twice a week edition."

Our contemporary is very much out. Both of the city weeklies have been sent to many of their subscribers in semi-weekly sections for several years, instead of several months. The fact that the Times was the first to adopt the full twice-a-week issue has not been disputed by our esteemed contemporary. The Times made a note of the fact because Rip Van Winkle had announced boastfully that he was "setting a pace" for others to follow. Rip couldn't pace a snail.

"HEART THROBS OF ISRAEL."

Miss Ray Frank Charms a Second Audience by Her Powers as a Lecturer.

Those who heard Miss Frank's lecture last evening at the synagogue on "Heart Throbs of Israel" will freely admit that she possesses the true attributes of oratory. She has that something outside of mere fluency of speech, that indefinable power that stirs the sympathies of her listeners. She is not a mere speaker, a lecturer, a talker, but an orator in the highest significance of the term. The musical virtuoso, be he instrumentalist or vocalist, plays on the gamut of human affections through a tone language that speaks more plainly than the relatively poor powers of speech, and if the critic goes into extravagant rhapsodies over a Rubinstein, a Josefy or a De Pachman, it calls for no apology if a due meed of praise be offered to the orator, who can steal into the most guarded recesses of the heart, and awaken new impulses, loftier aspirations, nobler sentiments and purer thoughts. The musician is all the more attractive if his tone pictures be vague, mystical, ethereal; the orator can not give the same rein to fanciful imagery, but is confined to the concrete, and must have a tinge of actuality in the highest flights.

If one were asked to convey in a word the true source of Miss Frank's power, it would be—suggestion. Her word pictures are vivid, not because of intricacy or completeness of detail, but because they bring to the hearer glimpses and vistas, which are all the more impressive, because unexpressed and not pinned down to the definiteness of speech. Miss Frank is truly, therefore, an exemplar of her own idea of art, and her lecture was not a mere historical dissertation, nor the Jew revealed by a recital of his experience through centuries; it was something more, and to every intelligent auditor must have come thoughts that in their train carried the mind into faint conceptions of the purposes of Divinity and the place of man.

Within the limits of a single lecture, the lecturer could only dwell upon the more salient experiences of her people. She showed what part the geographical position of the Jew, placed between the Phœnician and the Chaldean, played in the development of his national character. The Jew was not originally a trader, but followed pastoral pursuits. It was only afterwards, when driven from his heritage and forced to wander into strange lands among other people, that he became a barterer. The Jew dearly loved his wife and children, and in time of oppression and bitter persecution, his only hope to save his loved ones from torture and misery was the ability to hoard enough money to induce cruelty to stay its hand awhile. The Jew had been forced by intolerance into conditions not in harmony with his character.

Miss Frank's description of the evolution of the God-idea was most fascinating to the student of theology and antiquity. She said that she loved to regard Moses not as a prophet or a law giver, but as one actuated by high human feeling, who in contemplating the misery and degradation of his people formed the lofty resolve of leading them out of bondage, and who taught a new religion, embodied in the Jewish exhortation:—"Hear, O Israel, the Lord our God is one God." The God of the Jew no longer consisted in the worship of objects of nature, but of a Mighty Presence, infinite, omniscient, omnipotent.

The lecturer rapidly touched on the history of the Jew since his dispersion up to the present time. His influence on Grecian art, afterwards his coming to Spain, and carrying with him wherever he went a creed of tolerance and justice. Every country that welcomed him had been repaid a thousandfold by Jewish contribution to philosophy, science, diplomacy, financiering and art.

Coming up to the present time she said that the Jew without possessing, as a nationality, a country, could be found everywhere, with powers of intellect undimmed, and this result after experiencing sufferings fitted to crush any people out of existence. His longevity, his perpetuation admits of a scientific explanation. Science to-day is only beginning to understand the Mosaic dispensation, although the Jew to-day is a living exemplification and justification of these laws. He has carried out in his daily life the precepts of living to be found in the Old Testament.

WESTMINSTER'S FAIR OPENED.

In Perfect Weather—Larger and Better Show Than Ever.

New Westminster, Oct. 9.—The exhibition to-day was opened by President T. J. Trapp, Col. Baker being unable to attend, owing to the late arrival of the boat. A procession was formed in which were a number of carriages, containing guests of the city, the local corps of the B. C. B. G. A. and 150 bluejackets from the Nymphe and Wild Swan. There are over 4000 entries. The exhibition is better and larger than any former exhibition. There were lacrosse and football matches here this afternoon. The weather is perfect.

OSMAN PASHA'S DAUGHTER.

This Beautiful Woman's Poems are Said to be Delightful.

In the most charming quarter of Scutari, whence one can be delighted with a magnificent view of Constantinople, the Sultan's palace, the Golden Horn and the myriads of boats, Osman Pasha's house is built upon a very high hill. While looking from the window one can not only admire the mimic European landscape, but also dream. The situation of this house inspires the inhabitants of it with poetry; no wonder, then, that here were developed two poetesses.

The first of them was Osman Pasha's wife, of Turkish origin, exquisite connoisseur of ballads, fables, fairy-tales and popular Turkish songs. And very often, singing soft lullabies, she entertained her friends while visiting them in their harems. Her daughter, Niyjar Humyn, listened to those songs of love, appropriated them diligently, and, upon such foundations she painted beautifully poetic canvases, full of Oriental fancy and form, which gave to them the charm of originality. Young Niyjar, having learned French and German, gave voices to her passions along the lines of Occidental poets, imitating very charmingly their forms and reaching their height of talent and inspiration.

An unhappy marriage contributed very much to the development of her talent. According to the Turkish custom she married early—when she was only 13 years old. Though her husband was rich and of very good family, she was not happy with him. Cruelly deceived, she returned shortly afterwards to the house of her parents, and here she gave her whole soul to poetry. In verse she sang the grief of her deceived heart, and those verses are worthy of the best European poet. For a long time she kept her poetical treasures in her beautiful room, only from time to time sharing her charms with some friends. Finally encouraged by some of her father's friends, she permitted them to print the poetry under the name of "Afsus" (sobbing).

This title corresponded entirely with the harmony of those poems, which contributed very soon to her renown in Constantinople. Excellent experts in the Turkish language admired the beauty and sublimity of her style, the warmth of her sentiments and the loftiness of her thoughts. The renown inspired Mr. Heward, the secretary of the French embassy, to translate these pearls and publish them in French. They were translated in Hungarian by the professor of Oriental languages in Buda-Pesth, Dr. Kunos. The poetess, knowing very well the European intellectual movement upon the Bosphor, met with the most marvellous opposition. She is very beautiful—to the whole extent of this adjective; she is a little above the average height, possessing big, dark eyes, showing the riches of her mind, shadowed with long eyelids—in a word, she is a typical Oriental beauty. Truthful to the Koran's regulations, she appears in the streets covered by a veil, but at her home she receives her guests in the manner of refined European society.

The drawing room, furnished with exquisite taste, with the windows opening upon the magnificent Bosphor landscape reminds one of the Turkish origin of its owner. The walls are covered with pictures and engravings; the tables are full of illustrated books; very comfortable arm chairs invite one to a seat. In this room Niyjar, beautiful, hardly twenty-five years old, spends her days reading European books, dreaming about le grand monde, of which these books, and sometimes her father, Gen. Osman Pasha, one of the most intelligent men of his country, tell her.—Chicago Chronicle.

—Baldness is often preceded or accompanied by grayness of the hair. To prevent both baldness and grayness, use Hall's Hair Renewer, an honest remedy.

—To remove the constipated habit, the only safe treatment is a course of Ayer's Pills, followed by a laxative diet. Most other cathartics do more harm than good, therefore leading physicans recommend Ayer's Pills, especially as a family physic.

Gold in Alberni.

Gold has been found in Alberni,
And silver in old Cariboo;
But what about wealth if you haven't got health?
So wear a good health-giving shoe.

Damp Resisting,
Sickness Preventing,
Health Giving.

Dick's Boots can only be got at this Store, as we are sole agents for British Columbia.

Old Country Boot and Shoe Store,
91 Johnson Street,
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The Best and Cheapest
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ERSKINE'S.
Will you try? Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

Kill your Corns!
Not in the old-fashioned way with "plasters," "lotions," etc. Kill them the new way, by encasing your feet in a pair of
BAKER'S SHOES
A corn can't live in a pair of our shoes. Why? Because they fit like a sock. All Styles, One Price to all, best Quality, Largest Stock in the City.
J. H. BAKER, 63 Government St.

Do they Fit you?
YOUR SHIRTS
Or
Do you Want any?
George R. Jackson is now prepared to make all kinds of Negligee Shirts in Silk, Wool, Madras, Cheviot and Percales, from $1.50 up. White Shirts with 4-ply linen cuffs and bosoms. Look in and see our Sample Shirts. Our Furnishing Goods Department is now in charge of Mr. Fred Richardson, who has had many years' experience in this branch, both in Europe and America.
GEO. R. JACKSON, 57 Government Street.

COOL DAYS
during the early fall cause many a cold, resulting in serious sickness. Avoid risk by getting one of our
FINE CAST HEATERS.
We have a fine line of these stoves, which we have marked at bed-rock prices to clear. Also in stock a large assortment of
AIR TIGHT HEATERS.
PERRY & TURNER, 42 Johnson Street.

NOTICE

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to Public Traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
au5

NOTICE

Birdcage Walk, between Superior and Michigan Streets, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
oct2

Our Prescription Department

Is the pride of our Store. You will consult your best interests by bringing your Prescriptions to us.

CYRUS H. BOWES, 100 Government St.

Graduate Ontario College of Pharmacy,

TELEPHONE 425

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—The date of the opening concert of the Arion Club has been changed from Nov. 6 to Nov. 13.

—A special meeting of the Y. W. C. T. U. will be held in the Y. W. C. A. rooms this evening.

—Col. Tracy of Vancouver has passed the statutory examination for qualification as a provincial land surveyor.

—Social Dance at Semple's Hall on Thursday, Oct. 10. Gentlemen 50 cents, ladies free. Refreshments included. *

—William James Brown and Miss Mildred Backus were united in marriage last evening at the Methodist parsonage, David street, by Rev. J. Calvert.

—The first masquerade ball of the season was given at Winn's dancing academy last night. The attendance was good and some of the costumes were very unique.

—The old stone sidewalk in front of Deluge fire hall on Yates street is being torn up and will be replaced with block paving. The work will consume a few days. The commencement of this work removes from the city council a fruitful subject of debate. It was claimed by the fire wardens that the horses slipped on the old sidewalk and that frightening them, it tended to make them hauley and impaired their efficiency, but it took weeks to get the matter through the council.

—It is expected that there will be fully 100 Victorians participate in the excursion to Portland for Elks' day at the Portland exposition. The sales of tickets have been very good, and 25 rooms have already been reserved on the steamer. The excursionists leave here on the City of Kingston to-morrow night. There will also be big excursions from Vancouver, Seattle, Tacoma and the smaller American towns, and Portland will have several thousand visitors within her limits on Elks' day.

—The new reduction in west bound freight rates is a joint arrangement participated in by the three northern transcontinental lines. Under the new joint tariff Chicago rates are made to apply to Toronto, Hamilton, London and all points west of Toronto. There is also a corresponding reduction in the rates from points east of Toronto, but they are of course higher than the rates from Toronto and the points in Ontario mentioned. The new rates are being quoted by local agents to the city merchants.

—Perseverance Lodge, No. 1, I. O. G. T., held open lodge last evening, with quite a number present. The following took part in the programme: Piano solo, Bros. Watts; solo, Bro. Moody, piano duet, Mrs. Dickinson and Miss Roach, recitation, Br. A. Semple; solo, Mrs. Anderson, temperance lecture by the chairman, Br. L. Hall; duet, Misses Milne and Baker; recitation, Mr. Bole, and song, Mr. Douglas. The programme was a really good one, and was greatly enjoyed. The I. O. G. T. is now a benefit society and invites young people to join the order.

—Poor old Philip Chalk has been at it again. He was convicted of being drunk on the streets after a hearing in police court this morning. He was sent up for a month. He had the privilege of paying a $10 fine, but Phillip gets better use out of his money than that. He has the cost of drinks calculated up to the amounts usually named in fines, and the thoughts of throwing $10 away on a fine pales Phillip's face and palsies his hands. It is terrible to even contemplate. Chalk has had quite a spell of freedom this trip, and will very likely work in another term before the joyful season of holiday jags comes along.

—Officer Abel was called this morning to the Leclaire cabins on Pembroke street on account of the sudden death of one of the occupants. John Sheidy, the dead man, whose age was about 33, was formerly a bar tender in the Prince of Wales and other saloons. This morning he complained to a companion of feeling ill, and shortly afterwards he was dead. The officer took the body to the morgue and summoned Coroner Crompton, by whose orders a post mortem was held to-day. The inquest is fixed for 11 o'clock to-morrow. Sheidy has lately been out of employment and was drinking heavily. He was a French Canadian.

—Mr. G. A. H. Johnson, of Tacoma, will conduct religious services in the Scandinavian language at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening. Mrs. Johnson, who is an accomplished musician, will assist her husband.

—The Ely children, who wandered away from their home on Fairfield road yesterday morning, were found on Government street later in the day by Mr. Winter, a neighbor, and restored to the anxious mother. The venturesome pair of tots had gone down town to see the sights.

—The Harvest Home services were repeated at St. John's church last evening in the presence of a large gathering. There were some slight changes in the musical numbers, and the sermon was preached by Rev. Sharpe, of St. Paul's, Esquimalt. The latter was an excellent effort and the musical programme was splendidly rendered.

—A portion of last evening's meeting of the Y. W. C. T. U. was devoted to preparatory business for the annual meeting at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. on Friday evening. Dr. Mary McNeil delivered an interesting address on anatomy and hygeine, and was heard with attention by the very representative gathering.

—So much time has been lost at meetings of the city council of late in acrimonious discussion over personalities that Mayor Teague has called a special meeting of the city council for to-morrow evening to dispose of unfinished busines lying on the table. The notice calling the meeting was bulletined by the Mayor last evening.

—The steamship Victoria left Yokohama on October 4th for Victoria. She has 3000 tons of cargo, including 1900 bales of silk for New York, 300 tons for Victoria, 1400 tons for Portland and Sound Cities, and 150 tons for San Francisco, which as usual will be landed here. On this trip the Victoria carries thirty Chinese for Victoria and fifty for other places.

—Rev. G. L. Mackay, the Formosan missionary, spoke at the Herald street mission last evening before a good sized gathering. He told of his home and labors in Formosa, illustrating with a map. The lecture was later translated into Chinook by Rev. Dr. Tait, for the benefit of the Indians present. The Chinese girls from the Refuge home, sang some hymns and the meeting closed with addresses by Revs. Cleaver, Macrae and Clay.

—Ah Sam, the Chinese peddler who failed to answer a summons for plying his trade without a license and was arrested on a warrant, was convicted in police court and on account of his lack of respect for the law there was no disposition to be lenient with him. He was fined $10 and if he defaults he must serve a month. Ah Man, summoned for the same charge, also failed to appear, and a warrant was made out. It is said that Man has changed his residence to Nanaimo to avoid being prosecuted.

—The steamer Charmer arrived from Vancouver between 4 and 5 o'clock this morning, and left here again an hour later. She did not bring yesterday's mail, but it arrived at 12:20 to-day by way of Nanaimo. It was sent across from Vancouver to Nanaimo last night on the steamer Cutch and brought down here on the train. The Charmer will make up for lost time to-day, as the weather is clear, and will leave for Vancouver at her usual time to-morrow morning. She brought but little freight this morning.

—The many friends and acquaintances of Miss May Johnston, daughter of the late Hugh Johnston, will regret to learn of that young lady's death, which occured at an early hour this morning, at the family residence, 24 Cadboro Bay road. Deceased, who was 24 years of age, was prostrated with an attack of la grippe about six months ago, culminating in that dread disease, consumption, which resulted in her death. A most estimable and highly respected young lady, her death will be keenly regretted by her many friends. Due notice of the funeral will be given later.

—Mr. Aspland was a passenger down by the noon train to-day on his way home from Alberni. Speaking about his trip, which he originally intended to last only a few days, but which became one of several weeks, Mr. Aspland says there is undoubtedly a good future for the district. It looks well now, and promises to be prosperous when the development work, which it is intended will be done next spring, has been commenced. Mr. Fletcher, the gold commissioner, who came down by the same train, had with him a very good looking nugget of very peculiar shape. It was found by a Chinaman on China creek, and is worth six or seven dollars.

—There are now two men in the city lock-up suffering from too much liquor. The second is a man named W. Brown. Walter Partington, the sealer confined, is comparatively quiet after a couple of days of mental torture. He has, however, not recovered his reason yet, for this morning he assured the guards that a lot of cats and rats were scampering about him. The cats did not scare him much, but the rats were pretty annoying. He did not get violent, but sought to quietly get away from them, occasionally grabbing one as it crept up his garments to hurl it violently against the wall of the cell. A few days will see him all right, but Brown's worst time is yet to come.

—After dinner use Adams' Tutti Frutti. It aids and strengthens digestion. Look out for fraudulent imitations.

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Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

$8. BEST CABINETS $8.

$1. MANTELLOS $1.

JONES, Photographer,
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ARRIVING IN GROUPS.

A Few More Sealers Return From the Season's Cruise.

The Sealer Libbie, Capt. Fred. Hackett, arrived home from her cruise this afternoon with a catch of 1467 skins. The Libbie was in Hesquoit for several days and landed her Indians. That was the first landing she made since she left here, as she did not go into Unalaska. The cruise was an uneventful one, attended by very fair luck in finding the seals. Capt. Hackett reports the schooner Pioneer was on the Japanese coast and at Copper Islands and has 1000 odd. She was about the last schooner to leave over there.

The schooner Agnes Macdonald, Capt. M. L. Cutler, arrived in port at 5 o'clock. Her flag flew at half mast out of respect to the memory of William Flewing, the circumstances of whose drowning were narrated in the Times last evening. The Macdonald had nothing further to report, the cruise being otherwise uneventful.

The schooner C. D. Rand, Capt. Whitely, arrived in during the night. She anchored out beyond Coffin island and left later in the day for Vancouver. She got a total of 1000 skins.

The schooners Wanderer, Capt. Paxton, and Annie C. Moore, Capt. Hackett, are coming in this afternoon. The former has 400 and the later 1532 skins.

FIRST SALMON SHIP SAILS

The Wythop Left Fraser River To-Day For London—The Second Cargo.

The British Bark Wythop, Capt. Edwards, carrying the first cargo of salmon of the pack of 1895, will leave the Fraser river to-day in tow of an American tug. She is destined for London, and will go to sea from the river direct, to start on her long journey around the Horn, and up the Atlantic. She was loaded by Evans, Coleman & Evans, of Vancouver, and has 58,544 cases aboard.

The Dutch bark Van Galen, which is being loaded on the Fraser for London also, by Robert Ward & Co., has about completed taking cargo, and will be the second vessel of the fleet of 1895 to get away.

—Dr. J. D. Helmcken's new quarters are nearly completed and will shortly be occupied by him. There will be a considerable improvement on the old place, as when the doctor decided to make a change he made up his mind to have everything as it should be. The improvements and alterations were carried out under the direction of Mr. W. R. Wilson, architect. The consulting and other rooms connected with the doctor's practice are on the ground floor, occupying the same corner as the old quarters, and are arranged and fitted up with every regard for convenience and comfort. A feature of the whole is the excellent system of lighting followed.

—Many merchants are well aware that their customers are their best friends and take pleasure in supplying them with the best goods obtainable. As an instance we mention Perry & Cameron, prominent druggists of Ffushing Michigan. They say: "We have no hesitation in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to our customers, as it is the best cough medicine we have ever sold and always gives satisfaction." For sale at 75 cents per bottle by all druggists. Langley & Co, wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—J. McAlister, Wm. Johns, A. M. Baldwin, Mike Shaunessy, J. R. Sias.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Hastie & Bannerman, F. R. Stewart W. S. Chambers, Stewart & Co, Osmond, Skein & Co., C. Braund, R. Jamieson, T. N. Hibben.

Per steamer Sehome from the Sound—Wilson Bros., Young Bros., Speed Bros.

ROYAL Baking Powder
has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

Are You Particular

About your Clothes? If you are call and see us. We like to do business with people who are particular. In fact our Large Stock, which is full and complete, was selected with an idea of catering to the patronage of those who are particular about their clothes.

CAMPBELL & Co.,
Merchant Tailors,
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SLAUGHTER SALE
OF
ODD AND SAMPLE HATS
in Stiff and Soft.
CHRISTIE'S AND OTHER CELEBRATED MAKES.
S. REID, 122 Gov't. St.

Do You Need a
Mackintosh ?
These foggy evenings it is necessary to keep warm. Don't you think it will pay you better to buy a Mackintosh rather than an Overcoat?
Our Mackintoshes
Were not carried over from last year. They were made for this season's trade.
The New Styles
Are here, and every garment is warranted by us to be waterproof.
YOUR MONEY'S WORTH OR YOUR MONEY BACK.
CAMERON, The Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

The Man Who Aims
To be Well Dressed should not fail to inspect our choice stock of Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings. Fashionable Fall Fabrics in new Shades and Patterns.
WILLIAM STEWART,
Fashionable Tailor.
36 Fort Street.

EVERY COLLAR TRADE MARK GUARANTEED
BOTTLED WIND
PERFECT FITTING AIR COLLARS
LIGHT COOL ELASTIC EASY
SURE CURE FOR SORE SHOULDERS
FIFTY-SEVEN TONS TEST
DISCOUNTS TO THE TRADE ONLY
APPLY TO YOUR DEALER OR
SEND FOR TESTIMONIALS ETC TO-
THE GULLINE PNEUMATIC COLLAR CO
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NO SWEAT PADS

NOLTE'S PATENT
Glasses Accurately Adjusted
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The Only Opticians
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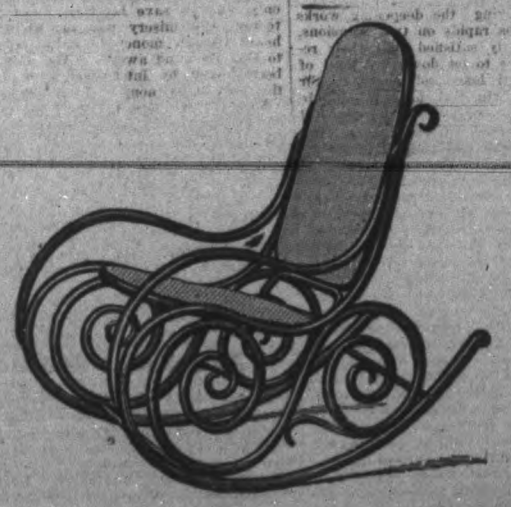
ONE AMONGST THE HUNDRED
Styles of Chairs included in our immense Stock of Furniture now being Sacrificed in order to clear.
SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE FURNITURE CO., Ltd.,
Government Street.

IN LAVA LANDS.

Notes of the Excursion to Hawaii, by Miss Cameron.

So "taking turns" on the back of the good mule "Trilby" and the two horses up toward the top of Mount Tantalus we climbed. This mountain is used by the government as an experimental farm, or rather, forest, and each few yards of our ascent brought to view new plant forms. Trees from all parts of the world are planted at the respective altitudes considered most favorable to the growth of each. The government forester, Mr. Hughes, was one of our entertainers on the trip, and we fully appreciated the great privilege of even one day's association with a student so skilled in wood-craft. Half way up the mountain we came across his little lodge, vine-clad and cleverly ensconced in the bend in the hillside. In front, just a very few steps from the door is a sheer descent of many hundred feet—it makes one dizzy just to look over. Truly this is no place for circus evolutions on the back of a wayward mule. We dismounted, and the second surprise of the day awaits us. Within the dainty lodge a bountifully set lunch table calls forth the exclamation: "Arabian Nights!" No, this is the entertainment of the Honolulu Knights, who surely are past grand adepts of the art. As we enter, a sweet faced smiling Japanese girl, the lodge housekeeper, comes forth, and, bidding us welcome, invites us to remove our travel stains, brush our hair, and feel respectable once more. She was very bashful; I don't think she had before been invaded by so large a party. That lunch! Will we ever forget it? We had felt so very dusty and untidy, and now to feel clean and cool, to look out of the open door across to the city and beyond that to the blue sea, to inhale that pure mountain air, to become almost intoxicated with the subtle fragrance of the tropical blossoms, and to be waited upon by a little body who seemed as if she might have five minutes before stepped off the cover of a Japanese tea box, could we ever come down to teaching the multiplication table again and hearing "spelling errors?" It seemed impossible.

After lunch we made a touching group in front of the lodge. We brought into the view a lazy-chair, all our selves, the little lady from Japan, a pug dog countryman of hers, two cats, one kitten, Trilby and the two horses, and were photographed! Really I think that when we consider the added variety produced by our unique surroundings and the mule's inimitable look of abandon and when that mule laid back one ear and turned his face "profile" he had a most disreputable look, a confiding look, a look which seemed to say, "We're all in it, and we won't give each other away;" a look which fostered the belief that if one only touched a spring, he would break into "We won't go home till morning"), that as a group we could fairly lay claim to rival the historic one of Goldsmith's, which we remember embraced the members of one family representing each in proper person, Venus, two Cupids, a Parson, an Amazon, a Shepherdess (with as many sheep as the painter could put in for nothing), and Alexander the Great at the feet of the Amazon, who sat "on a bank of flowers, dressed in a green Joseph, and with a whip in her hand."

Well, fortunately, the camera survived the shock and on we journeyed. A light, drizzling "Scotch mist" began to fall, the path got sticky and very steep, the horses slipped and were no longer to be trusted, and Trilby alone of all our mounts trudged on, the survival of the fittest. But even Trilby gets his breath in short, quick gasps, and as the mist has rolled away I rein him in for a moment's breathing space, and look out on the calm, blue Pacific, ruffled by the trade wind till in the distant horizon it blends into a sky of the same sweet blue. Heavy surges break on the reef and fritter themselves away in foam-bells on the shore. Ohias, crimson hibiscus, and candle-nut trees appear in such luxurious profusion that we can scarcely see their separate beauties, 'tis a very embarrassment of riches; and each gulch has its glorious entanglement of large-leaved native apples, bread-fruit and the pandanus with its aerial roots all looped together by immense convolvuli of an exquisite sky blue tint, and tree ferns with their wondrous growth of parasites. The top of Tantalus (the mountain is well named) still is far, far off, and the shoes of the climbers are all bent and worn and twisted. A deep growth of rank, tufted grass almost obliterates the path and the single rider proceeds by faith and not by sight. Sometimes an unexpected descent of a few yards is quite alarming. You go down almost standing in your stirrups at an angle of 45 degrees with the animal's head, and up holding on by the mane in a very undignified attitude. He goes down like a goat and never by any chance makes a mistake, looking cautiously at each step, sometimes putting out a foot for a trial step, and sometimes making a jump of four or five feet.

The beauty which everywhere surrounds us is past description. It is a maze of color and form, an entangled luxuriance of matted vegetation which simply will not be reproduced by mere bald words.

At last the summit is reached and tired yet triumphant we stretch ourselves at length on the very pinnacle of the mountain. We are embowered in ferns, we can't move an inch in any direction without disturbing them, and what a panorama lies below! First, clouds; then lesser mountain peaks, then rice fields and cane patches, then the city enveloped in flowers like one of its own Hawaiians laden with leis, then the ocean; above the sky, and at our finger tips the ferns. The most striking feature of the whole landscape is the Punch Bowl, an extinct volcano, in shape the perfect frustrum of a cone.

Majestic mount it is whose lofty bulk
Raged once, all aflame; which broke its boundaries,
And—torn and red and furious—scattered round
Levin, and lava-slime, and barren ash,
Blighting what lay below. Then came the hush,
And that which was all terrible grew fair.
The Hill of Hell is crest of Paradise!
The cup which on its head steamed scarlet reek
And spilled forth fires, wears in the cloudless Blue
A green-clad rim sublime; the fevered breast
Slumbers in comforted, unbroken calm,
With placid bands and gilded clouds girt round,
And hues of sunrise and of sunset soft
On the scorched rocks. Where molten channels ran
Streams of sweet mountain crystal babble down
Embellishing black glen and fissured cliff,
And shoulders of sharp crags and windy shelves;
And in the happy plain, that mountain's foot
Stands feared no more, but reverenced, watched, and praised.

AGNES DEANS CAMERON

—To remove the constipated habit, the only safe treatment is a course of Ayer's Pills, followed by a laxative diet. Most other cathartics do more harm than good, therefore leading physicans recommend Ayer's Pills, especially as a family physic.

A NICE POINT OF LAW.

Sacred Water From Lourdes Made to Octroi Duties.

A curious dispute arose lately between the municipality of Lille, in France, and a body of pilgrims who had just returned from a visit to the Grotto at Lourdes. The pilgrims had brought with them a number of vessels filled with the sacred water of Lourdes, and were surprised to find that certain officials would not permit these articles to pass without payment of the customary dues levied upon food and other articles destined for consumption within the city. Lourdes water, it was officially announced, must be treated on the same footing as natural mineral waters imported in bottles to be taken medicinally or drunk at the table. In vain the pilgrims protested that the fluid they were carrying had no mineral properties, and was neither an alimentary drink nor a medicine, save in regard to the soul's health. It was, they urged, apart from its miraculous powers, simply water—nothing more. The officials, however, were obdurate and some of the pilgrims paid the dues demanded under protest. The Abbe Streck, however, refused. Having made the customary deposit of fifty francs by way of security for costs, Father Streck caused an official record of the facts to be drawn up, with a view to bringing the question before a legal tribunal.

Anæmic Women

with pale or sallow complexions, or suffering from skin eruptions or scrofulous blood, will find quick relief in Scott's Emulsion. All of the stages of Emaciation, and a general decline of health, are speedily cured.

Scott's Emulsion

takes away the pale, haggard look that comes with General Debility. It enriches the blood, stimulates the appetite, creates healthy flesh and brings back strength and vitality. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Send for our pamphlet. Mailed FREE.

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

Practical Clothing Men

are using **FIBRE CHAMOIS**

Montreal, Sept. 18, 1895.

Dear Sir:

Please sent us at once one case **Fibre Chamois**, medium weight, No. 20.

If not in stock, please have made at once as we have orders waiting for customers who insist upon having their Overcoats and Reefers interlined with your goods.

Yours truly,

H. SHOREY & CO.,
Wholesale Clothing.

To Canadian Fibre Chamois Co., Montreal.

No extra weight or Bulk. Double the Warmth and Comfort. Durable and Inexpensive.

PATENTED, JULY 1890. MARCH 1895.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

The Great Strength-giver

The most perfect form of Concentrated Nourishment.

Stimulating, Strengthening, Invigorating.

TRANSPORTATION.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 4 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 2 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

T. W. PATERSON,
Oct. 3, 1895. Manager.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers

NORTHERN PACIFIC

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route.	TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON,"	1147

8 30 pm	Lv	81	... "Victoria..."	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	62	... Seattle....	26	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	... "Tacoma..	81	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5.40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9.00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5.30 p.m. same days.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 6 P.M.

UMATILLA, - - - OCT. 10

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan line, Sardinian	Oct. 26
Allan line, Laurentian	Nov. 2
Beaver line, Lake Huron	Oct. 30
Beaver line, Lake Superior	Nov. 6
Dominion line, Mariposa	Oct. 26
Dominion line, Labrador	Nov. 2

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard line, Campania	Oct. 26
Cunard line, Umbria	Nov. 2
American line, Paris	Oct. 30
American line, St. Louis	Nov. 6
White Star line, Teutonic	Oct. 30
White Star line, Britannic	Nov. 6
Red Star line, Westernland	Oct. 30
Red Star line, Noordland	Nov. 6
North German Lloyd, Trave	Nov. 2
North German Lloyd, Lahn	Nov. 9
Anchor line, Furnessia	Oct. 26
Anchor line, Circassia	Nov. 2
Allan-State line, California	Oct. 26
Allan-State line, Nebraska	Nov. 9

For rates and full information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S. S. Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

GOING TO CHICAGO OR ANYWHERE EAST?

If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul or Duluth reads via

"THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE"

(C. St. P. M. & O. Ry.)

Three (3) First Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria as follows:

Leave Minneapolis 7:20 a.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m.

Daily. Badger State Express. Has Parlor Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 8 p.m.; Chicago, 9:45 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 6:00 p.m.; St. Paul 7:35 a.m.

Except Sunday. Atlantic & Southern Express has Wagner Buffet Sleeper and FREE Chair Car to Chicago. Arrive Chicago 8:00 a.m.

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 p.m.; St. Paul 8:10 a.m.

Daily. Famous North-Western Limited. Has Pullman and Wagner Private Compartment and 16 section Sleepers and Buffet Smoking Library Coaches to Chicago. Sleeper to Milwaukee. Breakfast in Dining car before reaching Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 7:50 a.m.; Chicago 9:30 a.m.

For Illustrated Folder Free descriptive of Splendid Train Service via this line, to Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Duluth, Ashland, as well as to Milwaukee and Chicago. Call on your Home Agent or Address

T. W. TEASDALE,
General passenger agent, St. Paul.

W. H. MEAD, General Agent,
248 Washington St., Portland, Ore.

F. W. PARKER, Puget Sound Agent,
601 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

O. R. & N. STEAMSHIP LINE.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

SS. "ASLOUN," due Victoria about October 20; will proceed to Honolulu, H.I., via Portland, and is the only steamer for Honolulu during the month.

For freight and particulars apply to

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.,
Agents.

LIVERPOOL FOR VICTORIA DIRECT.

THE BRITISH SHIP

"HOWTH"

(2166 Tons Register.)

To sail from Liverpool about middle of October, 1895.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned, or Balfour, Williamson & Co., Liverpool.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd,
se6-1m Temple Building.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom St., San Francisco.

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons). TUESDAY, Oct. 15, 1895, at 10 a.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Twin Screw Steamer Alameda, Thursday, Oct. 17, at 2 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails

For passage apply to 114 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.,
General Agents.

R. R. CONNON, Agent,
Bastion Square, Victoria

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST

TAKE THE

CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE ..TO..

Minneapolis,
St. Paul,
Omaha,
Kansas City,
Toronto
Chicago and
Montreal.

Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

For rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Agent, Victoria

GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 24.

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

South Bound, Read Up.	No. 3 Pass. Sat. Ex.	No. 1 Pass. Daily.	STATIONS.	North Bound, Read Down	No. 4 Pass. Sat. Ex.	No. 2 Pass. Daily.
	Ar. 5 30 pm	Ar 12 30 pm	Victoria,	Dp.	4.30 pm	Dp. 8.00 am
	5 25	12 25	Russell's		4.35	8.04
	5 15	12 15	Esquimalt		4.45	8.14
	5 05	12 05	Shawnigan		4.55	8.24
	4 58	11 58	Parsons Bridge		5.02	8.31
	4 50	11 50	Goldstream		5.10	8.39
	4 43	11 43	Summit Siding		5.17	8.46
	4 35	11 35	Shawnigan Lake		5.25	8.54
	4 25	11 25	Cobble Hill		5.35	9.04
	4 15	11 15	McPherson's		5.45	9.14
	4 05	11 05	Kokaiah		5.55	9.24
	3 55	10 55	Duncan's		6.05	9.34
	3 45	10 45	Somenos		6.15	9.44
	3 33	10 33	Chemainus		6.27	9.56
	3 20	10 20	Oyster Bay Siding		6.40	10.09
	3 05	10 05	Oyster Bay		6.55	10.24
	2 55	9 55	Nanaimo		7.05	10.34
	Ar 2.50 pm	Ar 9 50	Wellington		7.10	Ar 10.40

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for 15 days, including day of issue.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.

E. E. PRIOR, Geo. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVICATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 27,

Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Luis Island, Sunday at 2 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, Genera' Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. F. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria ..... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. ap23

GREAT NORTHERN

Shortest and Quickest Line

—TO—

KOOTENAY COUNTRY.

St. Paul, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Chicago,
New York. Boston,
And all U. S. Points,

Toronto, Hamilton,
Montreal, Quebec,
And All Eastern Canadian Points.

Daylight run over the Cascade and Rocky Mountains—the Grandest Scenery in America. Superb Buffet and Elegant Dining, Palace Sleeping and Cosy Tourist Cars. A delightful ride, free from dust and dust in seasons.

For tickets, etc., apply

H. MARTIN, Gen. Agent,
75 Government Street

NEW FALL GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.

Fine Tweed and Worsted Suits,
$5 00, $6 00, $7 50, $8 50, $10 00, etc.
Boys' Strong School Suits,
$1 50, $1 60, $2.00, $2 25, $2 40, etc.
Boys' Tweed and Serge "Knickers" 75c. per pair.
GOOD VALUE LOW PRICES.

No Old Shop-Worn Stock to work off, but FRESH CLEAN GOODS at LOWER PRICES than ever.

B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters. 97 Johnson Street.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

CHEMAINUS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Chemainus, Oct. 9.—W. J. Macaulay, vice-president of the Victoria Lumber and Manufacturing Company, Ltd., and a couple of friends, were up looking over the mill property yesterday.

Frank Wilson, wife and family, have taken up their residence here, having just arrived from Vancouver, B. C.

The E. & N. Ry. Company have a large crew of men at work at Oyster bay.

Fishermen have been taking some very large trout out of the Chemainus river of late, the largest weighing seven pounds.

T. D. Conway and a crew of men have gone to the West Coast to repair the telegraph line.

The people around here, who express an opinion on the matter, are well satisfied that G. A. Huff is to represent their interests in the next sitting of the House.

NELSON.

Nelson Miner.

Rumors are afloat with regard to an approaching deal in the Royal Canadian and adjacent claims. The purchasers are said to be from the shores of Puget Sound.

Negotiations are on foot for the purchase of Mr. Neeland's claim on Morning Mountain. Spokane parties have obtained a thirty days' option in which to communicate with their principals.

Work has begun in earnest on the Hall Mines smelter. The excavations for the foundation are nearly complete. A granite bluff close by is found to yield most excellent stone for these foundations and a large quantity has been blown out and is now on the ground. The grade for the railway employs a large force of men.

In spite of the amount of rain that fell last month there has not been enough water to warrant recommencement of work on Forty-nine creek. In a circular issued to shareholders the Nelson Hydraulic Mining Company announces the necessity of calling up the remaining outstanding capital.

ROSSLAND.

Trail Creek Miner.

L. Sawyer, of Tacoma, who bonded the Midway recently, arrived Thursday and put a force of men to work the next day.

The highest grade ore yet found in the Deer Park group of mines comes from the Sunset. The assays are said to run from $36 to $96 in gold.

Sol Cameron is doing some contract work on the Poorman fraction, a wedge like piece of ground which lies between the Josie and the War Eagle, and is now taking out some very good ore.

The Iron Horse vein is coming around to a true west and east course. It is now clear that a fault has occurred in the neighborhood of the point where the great ore body was first discovered and the vein thrown out of line.

The Josie is now shipping from twenty to thirty tons of ore per day—a larger output than has ever gone from this mine before. The ore is of good grade and the returns very satisfactory.

The tunnel at the east end of the St. Elmo is now in 100 feet with a very good body of ore in the face.

The Good Friday-Indiana Consolidated-Timberline claim is being worked by Mr. Watson, who calls it the Indiana Consolidated. He continues to find some very good ore. The average is thirty-five ounces in silver, $12 in gold, and thirty per cent. lead.

James Cronin will have charge of the operations on the Evening Star, with H. B. Nichols as resident director and representative of the company. The ore is high grade, averaging over $50 per ton, and seems to exist in astonishing quantity.

Superintendent Clark, of the War Eagle is sinking a shaft on the Iron Mask at a point near the War Eagle boarding house. Solid ore was found a few feet from the surface, and has continued uninterruptedly ever since. Assay as high as $80 in gold have been obtained and the value of the ore is unquestioned.

H. M. Williams, Sol. Cameron and others are actively pushing development work on four claims on Sullivan Creek, a short distance from the Columbia river and about fourteen miles north of Rossland. The surface showings are said to be very strong, the iron capping in some places being forty feet wide. The iron cap runs $4 to $8 in gold and 6 to 7 per cent. copper.

An interesting and perhaps valuable discovery was made Wednesday by the workmen engaged on the roadway passing from Blue's saw mill along the site of the War Eagle air compressor plant. A cut was being made in the side of the hill through some loose gravel and sand when a heavy iron capping was encountered, which upon being stripped a little, was found to be well mineralized. It was at once seen to be the outcrop of a ledge running almost northeast and southwest, the line being a little north of east and a little south of west.

B. C. Van Houten, of Seattle, went up the Columbia river three weeks ago and found a new mineral district. It lies along a stream since named Van Houten creek by the prospectors in there, and extends east from a point on the lower Arrow Lake, thirty-five miles above Deer Park, and directly between lower Arrow Lake and Slocan Lake. Mr. Van Houten located only four claims, but since he did so there have been many other locations made. He took out a large quantity of the ore and his assays were highly pleasing. He was induced to go into the country through the representations of some trappers who had worked in there for several years.

The Evening Star Mining Company has been incorporated with capital of $1,000,000. D. M. Drumheller, president; Frank P. Hogan, vice-president; H. B. Nichols, secretary and Dr. Russel, of Spokane, treasurer.

NEW DENVER

The Ledge.

The Ruth shipped 20 tons this week. Four more car loads will soon be ready to send out.

The forces are being increased on the Deadman, Reco, and Goodenough, Antoine and Dardenelles.

The Kalsipel, on Ten Mile creek, has been leased to Rafferty, McKinnon & Benedum, who will work it this winter.

Ten tons of ore are to be packed from the Jenny Lind this week. Twenty-five tons have already been packed out this fall.

Mr. Flannerman, of Rapid City, S. D., is expected in shortly to open up the Reid & Robertson group.

James Currie took charge of the Currie on Tuesday. A trail to the lake will be built and ore shipped as soon as possible.

The Monitor and Hustler Fraction at Three Forks, owned by George Petty have been bonded to Tom Jefferson for $30,000. Ernest Harrup has an interest in the Hustler. Five hundered dollars have been paid down, $2,500 is to be paid in 30 days and the balance within a year. Jefferson will ship ore as soon as he can get to work.

Another ore house has been built at the Reco, and four men have been put to work on a tunnel to tap the Goodenough lead on the Reco ground. The force of 23 men will be increased in a short time to 50, and the owners expect to clean up $100,000 by the 1st of January. The trouble with the Goodenough people is not settled yet, but it likely the matter will be arbitrated to the satisfaction of both sides. The Reco owners are building a new trail from Sandon to within half a mile of the mine.

The force has been slightly reduced on the Slocan Star, and will not be increased until the railroads are completed to that point. The ore sheds are full and few men can be worked until the blockade is relieved. It is the intention of the company to ship all the ore possible this winter. The tram and flume to the concentrator will be finished in two weeks. The machinery for the mill is coming from the Ellis company of Millwaukee, Wis. It will be in about the 1st of December. Not much ore will be run through this winter, but everything will hum in the spring. There are four sets of rollers, which will make this a 150 ton mill. The entire cost of the concentrator and appliances will be about $55,000.

The L. H. was discovered last June and lies between Four and Eight Mile creeks, both of which flow into Slocan lake. The property was found by A. Harrison, and is now owned by him and J. M. Benedum. The ledge, which varies from 20 to 60 feet in width has been traced for a considerable distance on the surface. Specimens taken from many parts of the ledge have assayed from $2 to $173 in gold. The ledge has been cross-cut by twenty-five feet of tunnel. A silver streak was discovered against the foot wall, from 2 to 4 inches in width. The ore contains 60 per cent. arsenic, and the lowest assay in silver goes 810 and the highest 1500 ounces in silver. By roasting this product it would concentrate 10 to 1. It is very strange that a ledge of the size found on this property should show gold all through it. It is an easy matter to tap the ledge at any depth, and the owners intend to develop the L. H. this fall.

SPRINGER CREEK.

The Ledge.

Two streets have been cleared and graded in Slocan City.

Messrs. Lardner and Bookley are looking at the prospects on Springer and other creeks with a view to purchasing.

Last week C. Murphy and Frank Anderson made two good strikes on Cornell creek, which is the north fork of Springer creek.

S. T. Walker and Howard West are visiting the properties in this section for the purpose of making a report for capitalists upon the coast. They will be gone upwards of a week.

Mulvey's pack train is kept busy and it has already brought down over a ton of ore from the Howard Fraction, and taken back plenty of vegetables and other articles for the hardy miners.

O. D. Hoare has come in from the Rough and Ready and other claims between Lemon and Springer creeks laden with many specimens of high grade ore. He expects to receive word from his company to return to their properties and work continuously.

REVELSTOKE.

Kootenay Mail.

Ves Howe, of Tacoma, and Gus Lund are applying for a lease of one mile of placer ground on Carnes creek. They want 200 feet on each side of the stream and propose to put in the winter there.

F. D. Nowell and A. H. Jose at Illecillewaet last week looked over the Dunvegan. Mr. Nowell was very favorably impressed with the property and it is said he will purchase it on his return next week. If so he will put a pack train at work imediately for shipment this fall. It is said there is at least 300 tons in sight.

Though the timber limits in the Big Bend have never been worked they have netted considerable revenue to the wild land tax of the province. They were purchased years ago very cheaply with the script issued by the government for the constructoin of the old wagon road through Eagle Pass. It would seem now that the owners of this wealth of forest are getting tired of paying taxes on unproductive property and propose working these limits. S. B. Hill, of Duluth, and J. M. Barr, of Ann Arbor, went up to see them last week.

J. M. Kellie, M. P. P., I. P. Brewster and J. A. Sussman left yesterday for Carnes creek, Big Bend. Mr. Sussman goes up to look over the arsenical iron ore propositions of the Revelstoke Mining Company on Carnes creek, in the interest of eastern capital. There is a group of six claims on this creek, three of which are controlled by this company. Recent development shows the Salisbury to have forty feet of ore. The latest assays gave the Salisbury $14 in gold and the Rosebery $42, and it is claimed that the ore can be treated on the ground, by the cyanide process for $2.50 a ton. This is the property Mr. Sussman has gone up to see, and if a transfer of interests is effected, the new owners will spend $5,000 on development work immediately.

—Confusion as to the choice of a blood-purifier is unnecessary. There is but one best Sarsaparilla, and that is Ayer's. This important fact was recognized at the World's Fair at Chicago, 1893, it being the only blood-purifier admitted to be placed on exhibition.

F. S. & C. For All Points on Puget Sound

"F. S. & C." applied to steamer Rosalie means, fast, safe and comfortable. This new steamer leaves Victoria daily at 9 a.m., except Sundays, for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with steamer Flyer daily for Tacoma, and Great Northern trains for all points east and south. Returning—Steamer leaves Seattle at 11:30 p.m. daily, except Sundays, arriving at Victoria at 6:30 a.m. Local and through tickets at Great Northern R.R. office, 75 Government street.

PLAYING CARD FIGURES.

Origin of the Four "Suits" and the Court Representatives.

There are but few persons, even among the historians, antiquarians and students in general who have the least idea of the significance of the figures on playing cards. In very early times the four suits represented the four principal trades followed by the people, and the figures on the cards were supposed to be symbolic of the same. The heart was the symbol of the choirmen or ecclesiastics, and in all early packs, besides the figure of the heart, each card also bore a rude picture of a monk's cowl, or of his cloak and crooked staff.

Some of the authorities say that the cut of the early monkish cloak was in the form of a heart, and that the figure used to-day is but a representation of a picture of that portion of the old prelate's wearing apparel. The "spade" is really a pike or spearhead, and was originally the trade mark of the soldiery, typifying the nobility of that very important branch of ancient industry. The artisans in general are represented by either a mason's arch or by a diamond-shaped roofing tile. The former, being somewhat unhandy to properly figure, gradually gave way to the tile, which is still used and called a "diamond", because of its shape. The farmers or great of agricultural laborers, were given their symbol, which was originally a wheat head or sheaf of wheat bound up with a common straw band. As clover gradually became the chief forage grass of the agriculturists they adopted a single sheaf of that plant as their card symbol. A figure of this useful species of trefoil is still used and is called a "club," but why no one knows.

The four kings were originally David, Alexander, Caesar and Charlemagne, representing the four greatest monarchies. Authorities differ as to the queen, but the preponderance of the evidence is in favor of the opinion that they are Argine, Judith, Esther and Pallas. The knaves, or "Jacks," are supposed to be rude caricatures of ancient assassins or general all round villains, whose names have been lost in the many centuries that cards have been used in games of chance and amusement.—St. Louis Republic.

TEAMING AND TAXATION.

To the Editor—Last Monday week I called the attention of the council to the fact that in my opinion political favoritism is being shown in the employment of men on the sewers, placing before the council figures to bear out my contention (not that those employed did not earn their money), but I thought that those who paid the taxes to enable this work to be done should receive their share of the expenditure. I spoke more in regard to teaming, which brought Ald. Macmillan to his feet, and in the Times I fancy he misled the public, mentioning Mr. Haggerty, who is a resident of centre ward receiving the highest sum for this class of work. (Note the word resident.) Now, these are the figures, and I will leave any ratepayer to say that Mr. George Stelly receives his just dues and whether or not political favoritism has not been shown.

Mr. Haggerty paid taxes in the North Ward, $15.35, received $161.62.

Mr. McMullen and brother are not on the roll but live in the North Ward, receive $177.50.

Mclanes Bros. both pay taxes in the North Ward $38.86, receive $163.25.

Mr. Le Clair pays taxes in the North Ward $46.80, received $45.75.

P. Hansen pays taxes in the North Ward $37.20, received $42.50.

Jones & McNeill pay taxes in the North Ward $39.20, received $7.50.

G. Lindsay pays taxes in the North Ward $41.45, received $22.25:

J. Dalby pays taxes in the North Ward $18.90, received $11.50.

C. King pays taxes in the North Ward $29.03, received $7.

T. Laken pays taxes in the South Ward $37.37, received $41.25.

J. Heaney pays taxes in the South Ward $23.13, received $35.

J. Barnes pays taxes in the South Ward $12.75, received $12.75.

H. Mathews pays taxes in the South Ward $49.70, received $22.75.

W. Johns pays taxes in the South Ward $13.18, received $3.50.

George Stelly, who pays taxes to the amount of $792.43, just $380.51 more than all the rest put together, received the paltry sum of $22.50. Is it just, is it fair, and because I dare to call attention to the fact, Ald. Macmillan (two days after) with his fist flourishing in my face, insult me for advocating the rights, the just dues of a heavy taxpayer and honorable citizen.

JOHN PARTRIDGE.

The best is what you want when you are in need of medicine. That is why you should insist upon Hood's Sarsaparilla.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

—Wall Papers! Wall Papers! The largest stock in the province can be seen at Weiler Bros.

By Special Royal Warrant Soap Makers To The Queen
SUNLIGHT SOAP
GOLD MEDAL PARIS 1889.

THE GREAT CLEANSER
REDUCED SIX TO CENTS
ALL GROCERS

For every 12 "Sunlight" Wrappers sent to the Canadian Head Office, 23 Scott street, Toronto, Lever Bros., Ltd., will send postpaid a useful paper-bound book, 100 pages.

C. B. KING, Victoria, agent for B. C.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 20th, 1895.

G. G. Bigger, Esq., Provincial manager Massachusetts Life Association:

Dear Sir: On behalf of myself and children I hereby acknowledge receipt of your check in full payment of claim under policy of insurance on the life of my late husband, William Bryant, insured in your company one year ago. I desire to thank you for the satisfactory manner in which you have settled this claim, and I can heartily recommend anyone desiring to protect his family in a sure and cheap manner to your Association.

I Remain Yours Sincerely,
(Mrs.) Harriet Bryant.

Oct. 3—1 m.

To Cheer up, Use Adams' TUTTI FRUTTI
Sold by Druggists and Confectioners.
It Aids Digestion wonderfully, and gives tone to the system.
See that "TUTTI FRUTTI" is on each wrapper.
Refuse imitations.

AMUSEMENTS.

FIFTH ANNUAL
JUBILEE HOSPITAL BALL
In the ASSEMBLY ROOMS, Fort St.,
Thursday, November 7
under the distinguished patronage of their Excellencies the Governor-General and Countess of Aberdeen.
Tickets, including gentleman and lady, $3.00; lady's ticket, $1.00. Can be had from any of the auxiliary committee or at T. N. Hibben's, Jamieson's, Davidson Bros. and Challoner & Mitchell's. oct7-1w

TENDERS WANTED.

Mortgagee's Sale.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on FRIDAY, THE 18th DAY OF OCTOBER, 1895, for the purchase of the fee simple of Lot 8 of the Saanich Extension of the Work Estate, (containing one statute acre,) according to map deposited at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, and numbered 100, and forming part of Section 4 on the Official Map of said District. The above property has a small house on it and is situate on the Burnside Road, next the residence of Frederick Devey, Esq.

The sale will be made under and by virtue of the powers of sale contained in a certain Mortgage, which may be inspected at the office of the undersigned.

Terms of sale: Two and a half per cent of the price tendered to accompany the tender; seven and a half per cent to be paid on or before the 25th October, 1895, and the balance to be paid by twenty-eight equal quarterly payments, with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For further terms and conditions apply to Ben. Williams, Esq., 46 Fort Street, Victoria, or to

G. DUBOIS MASON,
Five Sisters' Block, Victoria, B. C.
oct7-10t Solicitors for the Vendors.

REPAIRS! REPAIRS!

Alterations, store and office fittings, carpenter work in all its branches. Weather strips for doors and windows.

J. P. BURGESS.

To the Farmers.
—GO— —TO— NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.
61 YATES STREET,
AND BUY AN
Emperor Potato Digger.

BEST ANTI-COMBINE COAL,
FROM SEATTLE,
For sale at J. E. PAINTER'S,
25 COMORANT STREET.

COAL! COAL!
City Coal Depot.
The oldest Coal Yard in the city reopened, with the best quality of Seattle Coal on hand. Present Office, Store St., opposite Telegraph Hotel.
W. WALKER.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

THE RING.

WAR TO THE KNIFE.

New York, Oct. 8.—Melbourne, Australia, enters the list as a posible scene of the battle between Corbett and Fitzsimmons. A cable from the Melbourne Evening News, received here to-day, says that reliable people there have formed a syndicate and are prepared to offer a purse of £20,000, allowing the contestants to arrange a date that suits their convenience. Information to this effect was wired Dan Stuart, W. A. Brady and Martin Julian at Dallas, Texas.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 8.—W. K. Wheelock, secretary of the Florida Athletic club, was served with papers to-day to appear before the grand jury at Austin. Papers were served on Brady at one o'clock this afternoon. Wheelock, Brady and Julian have given bonds to appear before the grand jury of Lewis County at Austin, and will depart for Austin to-morow. Friends of Stuart declare that Governor Culbertson is trying to crush him by using the witnesses to indict him for a violation of the new law. There are no papers for Stuart. The papers were issued for W. A. Brady, manager for James J. Corbett; Martin Julian, manager of Fitzsimmons, and, presumably for Joe Vendig and others. Brady arrived this morning. Julian is expected this afternoon, and Vendig this evening.

The Governor and Attorney-General have apparently determined on a war to the knife against Stuart and propose prosecuting him and his associates in the courts at Austin on an alleged violation of the anti-prize fight law, which makes prize fighting a felony. There is much uneasiness in the Florida Athletic club and the developments have caused a sensation. It looks as if the only way to get out of the trouble is to test the new law on the ground of unconstitutionality.

Hot Springs, Ark., Oct. 9.—Mayor Waters, who went to Dallas Sunday to try to secure the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight for this place, has telegraphed that it is practically settled that Hot Springs will get the big fight. H. C. Chamberlain & Co., of this city, are said to be heavily interested in the enterprise. It is also understood that the Iron Mountain railroad has also representatives on the ground. The Methodist pastors' association will hold a meeting to-day to take such action in the premises as may be deemed wise.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 8.—Martin Julian, for Fitzsimmons, Wm. A. Brady for Corbett, and President Suart, Vendig and Secretary Wheelock, of the Florida Athletic club, met last night and decided that the time and place of the meeting between Corbett and Fitzsimmons, shall be named within the next 48 hours by the Florida Athletic club. A plan for selecting the referee was submitted, and Julian took it under consideration, to be also declared in the next 48 hours. The plan is that from six names, Julian and Brady shall select one each, the selection to be written on a slip of paper, and sealed in an envelope. The envelope shall be deposited in a safe by the president of the club and remain unopened until the day of the fight. If they do not name the same man one of the two named shall be selected by a toss up.

YACHTING.

CHALLENGE RECEIVED.

New York, Oct. 8.—The written challenge has been received here by the New York Yacht Club, from the Royal Victoria Yacht Club on behalf of Mr. Rose for the America's cup, and a special meeting is to be held Monday evening, the 14th inst., to consider it.

COMING HOME.

London, Oct. 8.—The Daily News says: "The Hendersons are preparing to drydock Valkyrie III. The statement that she will be laid up in Brooklyn is not true. Valkyrie will be thoroughly overhauled at Partick as soon as she arrives.

AT HOME AGAIN.

Queenstown, Oct. 9.—Lord Dunraven and daughters, Lady Rachel and Lady Aileen, Wyndham Quin, George L. Watson, Captains Canfield and Sycamore, and the crew of the Valkyrie III., arrived here this morning on board the White Star steamer Teutodic, from New York. Captain Sycamore declined to talk. Several of the seamen of the yacht talked freely, and claimed that if Lord Dunraven's yacht had received fair play, she would have won.

THE WHEEL.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 8.—Edward C. Yeatman, one the of the best known bicyclists in this city, accidentally shot and killed himself yesterday while out riding near Charleston, West Virginia.

THE TURF.

Newmarket, Oct. 9.—Mr. C. J. Blake's black filly Rock Dove won the Czarewitch stakes here to-day.

Mr. A. Taylor's Bard of Avon was second; Col. J. Lloyd's Count Schomberg, third.

London, Oct. 8.—The Newmarket second October meeting opened to-day, and in the trial stakes event there were six starters, including Mr. Charles Rose's Mogul, which took third place. Lord Derby's Newby won the race, Santense second.

MILITIA MEN WANT DRILL PAY

Restored to the Twelve Days' Allowance—The Fisheries Case.

Ottawa, Oct. 9.—Militia commanding officers of Toronto, Montreal, Hamilton and Brantford are here to-day petitioning the government to give the twelve days' pay for drill as usual, instead of reducing it to eight days, as the government has done. If not granted the delegates say the efficiency of the militia will be destroyed.

The fisheries case is being argued by Christopher Robinson to-day for the Dominion in the Supreme court.

A monster demonstration was given to Hon. Mr. Laurier at Prescott to-day.

BAPTIST CONVENTION.

Sixth Annual Session of the Northwest Convention to Open To-Morrow.

To-morrow at 9:30 the Northwest Baptist convention will open here, its sixth annual session. The field of this convention is Western Washington and British Columbia. It will be noticed that in their religious operations the Baptists of this coast have unrestricted reciprocity with those of like faith who reside under the stars and stripes. Thus while all the churches are independent of human control other than the local body, and without an authoritative creed, there is a unanimity of belief and a cohesion of life and work that knows no geographical boundaries and has seldom had its harmony broken by heterodoxy of any kind. This convention is a part of the family of four million Baptists on the continent working in unbroken harmony in their missionary operations over this vast field. In September, 1888, the convention was organized with a membership of 30 churches and 1,001 members. Last year there were 75 churches and 4,476 members. An excellent programme covering home and foreign missions, education, women's and young people's work has been prepared, and as all the meetings are open to the public, there will no doubt be a large attendance. Following is the programme for to-morrow:—

9:30 a.m.—Prayer for the blessing of God on this meeting of the convention, led by Rev. P. H. McEwen.
10 a.m.—Call to order by Vice-President Rev. R. McKillop.
Annual sermon by Rev. N. H. Harriman: "The Supremacy of the Spirit."
Appointment of committees on religious exercises and enrollment.
Words of welcome by Rev. R. W. Trotter.
Response by Rev. J. Cairns.
Introduction of new pastors who have come into the field during the year.
Presentation of programme.
12:15 p.m.—Adjournment.
1:30 p.m.—Prayer service led by Rev. F. K. Van Tassel.
2 p.m.—Report of committee on enrollment and election of officers.
D. D. Proper, corresponding secretary.
2:30 p.m.—Annual report of the board by Report of the treasurer, C. A. Cavender.
Address, "The Demands of the Hour in Our Convention Home Mission Work," Rev. J. H. Best.
Address, "Bible Giving," Rev. S. W. Beaven.
General discussion, each speaker limited to five minutes.
4:30 p.m.—Five minute reports on mission fields, by missionaries: Revs. J. A. H. Johnson and O. L. Holen, for the Norwegian-Danish work; Revs. A. G. Hall and Andrew Johnson, Swedish work; Revs. J. Cairns, C. D. Spencer, Charles Carroll, P. H. McEwen, F. O. Lamoreux, S. W. Beaven, G. C. King, J. H. Woodley.
5:30 p.m.—Adjournment.
7:30 p.m.—Thanksgiving and Praise service, led by Rev. Charles Carroll.
8 p.m.—Address, "Our Field, and Our Responsibility," Rev. W. C. Weir.
Address, "Our Home Mission Work, not Sectional, but National," Rev. H. C. Woods, D. D.
Collection for the expenses of the convention.
Appointment of special committees.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Lovell is home from the sound.
T. W. Edwards went to the mainland this morning.
Hon. D. W. Higgins returns to-morrow from Alberni.
Mrs. George H. Lent came over from Seattle yesterday.
John McKenzie, Dominion Land Agent at New Westminster, is in the city.
Appraiser Shears is seriously ill at his home, Menzies street, James Bay.
Thomas A. Graham, of the Southern Pacific railway at Tacoma, spent last evening in the city.
Capt. F. M. Templar, R. E., leaves on Saturday for Sydney, Australia, via Portland and San Francisco.
Nathan Lewis and family are to become permanent residents of Victoria. Mr. Lewis represents leading eastern cigar and tobacco houses.

—For a pain in the chest a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief." This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

—A very pretty line of English Toilet sets at Weiler Bros.

ROYAL Baking Powder.
Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report.

THE CHOLERA IN HONOLULU

Out of Eighty-Seven Cases There Have Been Sixty-Three Deaths to Date.

Doubt About the Disease—Sympathisers With Cuba—A Preconcerted Murder.

San Francisco, Oct. 9.—Steamer Australia arrived to-day bringing the following from Honolulu of Oct. 2nd:—But two cases of cholera developed in the past 14 days. The record to date is 87 cases, and of that number 63 have died. But two white people succumbed to the disease. Of the total number of cases, 82 were Hawaiians. It is believed that the trouble is now over. There has been considerable doubt as to the real nature of the disease; many claim that it is not cholera, but that the cause of the trouble was poisoned fish.

Minister Hatch, it is understood, will leave for Washington in November to relieve Wm. R. Castle, who recently accepted temporary appointment as Hawaiian minister. The government has handed its answer to Minister Willis in the Duel case. It is understood that the Hawaiian authorities have collected much evidence against the man, but it is thought that Secretary Olney will drop the matter.

An American baby has been born on Hirischoff island, as close to the north pole as San Francisco is to Mazatlan. It is a white baby, its mother being the wife of Captain A. C. Sherman, of the steam whaler Beluga. In all likelihood a baby never saw the light of day on Hirischoff island before, as it is a barren spot in the Arctic Ocean.

Quincy, Ill., Oct. 9.—A meeting of 500 citizens, presided over by Mayor Steinbach, have passed resolutions sympathizing with the Cuban insurgents, and have petitioned congress and the administration to extend them recognition as belligerents.

Tonawanda, N. Y., Oct. 9.—This morning the bodies of Captain Lorenzo Phillips and his son Charles were taken to Constantia for burial. The inquest into the cause of the son's death continues today, when the conclusion no doubt will be similar to the verdict reached last evening in the case of the father, which is that he met death at the hands of some one of a mob of boatmen of whom 15 rioters under arrest were part. The evidence at the inquest tends to establish a preconcerted conspiracy to kill Captain Phillips and his son.

VOLUNTEERS FROM MEXICO.

Insurgents Continue to do Damage. Cruiser's Guns Saved.

Havana, Oct. 9.—A dispatch received here from Remedios announces that the insurgents have destroyed with dynamite one of the finest and largest bridges of the Sagua La Chica railway, not far from Camajuani, in the privince of Santa Clara.

Advices received here from Mantua, province of Pinar del Rio, to-day say the safe, ammunition and light guns of the wrecked cruiser Christobal Colon have been saved by the crews of the Conde de Venadito and Infanta Isabella, but it is considered doubtful whether they will be able to save the heavy guns.

City of Mexico, Oct. 9.—Some Spanish planters in the interior propose to raise troops of mounted men to aid General de Campo in Cuba, and yesterday the Spanish organ here invited the enlistment of 200 volunteers to go to Havana. It is said that many would be forthcoming to maintain this force in the field.

—TONKA is an East Indian smoking mixture of four high grade tobaccos. Try a 10c. package. Pipe sifter enclosed.

BIRTH.

In this city on the 9th instant, the wife of John F. Norris, of a son.

Dr. H. F. Merrill.

No Other Medicine SO THOROUGH AS AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Statement of a Well Known Doctor

"No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and effects so many permanent cures as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Dr. H. F. MERRILL, Augusta, Me.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla

Admitted at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Pills for liver and bowels.

Test Your SIGHT

If you will look intently for a short time at the centre of the blank space above you will see the amount of Stock we hope to have on hand when our

Great Closing Out Sale

has terminated. Call and see us and help us to save from the slaughter the quantity of goods represented in the blank space above.

Davidson Bros.,

The Jewellers,

59 Government Street.

TAILORING?

That's Our business, and we claim to know it thoroughly.
Can we be of any service to you in this connection?

A. GREGG & SON,

62 Yates Street.

How To—

Make your Stove Pipes Look . . . as good as New. . . .

Use—

Nonsuch Stove Polish, 15c. per bottle.
Ivory Jet Stove Pipe Varnish, 15c. per tin.
Nonsuch Stove Enamel, 10c. per box.

For sale by—

R. KENNY & Co., 74 Yates St.

COLONIAL MARKET

31 JOHNSTON ST.,

IS NOW OPEN

With a full line of the choicest Meats at the Lowest Prices

FOR CASH ONLY

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

ROBERT DINSDALE, Proprietor.

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